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MNS R Low Voltage Switchgear System Guide

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System Overview

MNS® - Since 1975

ABB engineered MNS, the first modular Low Voltage Switchgear, forty years ago. Featuring separated functional areas in conjunction with arc containment, the switchgear was immediately appreciated by the customers. Since then, MNS has become the synonym for personnel and operational safety.

MNS R is the rear access version of the MNS family and is designed to guarantee the highest quality and safety standard for all installations that require cable connections at the rear. MNS R provides added value for ABB customers.

Low Installation cost

A low footprint and easy access to power cables make setting up and installation fast and effective.

The rear covers of the power cable compartments are available in several configurations to suit the customers' specifications (hinges, handles, safety locks).

Flexibility

MNS R is fully adaptable to customer needs thanks to the wide range of possible configurations: cables or bus ducts from top or bottom, degrees of protection up to IP54, internal segregation up to form 4b.

Safety

Modular design, internal segregation and easy access ensure the highest degree of safety during operation, inspection and maintenance. MNS R is internal arc tested according to IEC 61641 and guarantees the highest level of personnel safety.

Low footprint and high technical performance

The multilevel air circuit-breaker layout reduces the switchgear footprint.

Air circuit-breakers up to 6300A without derating provide high technical performance. Different busbar locations ensure maximum flexibility, thereby optimizing both switchgear layout and dimensions.

Speedy repairs and low maintenance costs

Withdrawable MCCBs and ACBs are available for all applications, thus minimizing the time required for their replacement.

Since the power and control cables are so easily accessed, all servicing work can be performed in an effective way. Maintenance takes much less time than usual.

Interchangeable modules

MCC panels with front and rear access feature exactly the same drawers, thus the same spare parts can be used.





System Overview

MNS R main low voltage distribution switchgear with rear access was designed for use in large electrical installations such as those in petrochemical plants, steel works, rolling mills, power stations, oil rigs, ships, etc.

The service conditions in these plants are often extremely severe: the high currents involved and effective short-circuit levels require high performance switchgear.

In addition, safe conditions for the personnel, service continuity, easy inspection, maintenance, construction and installation must also be guaranteed. Simply installed extensions and compact overall dimensions are a must. MNS R Power Center switchgear fully complies with all these requirements. But that's not all. Since it integrates perfectly into all the latest generation ABB apparatus, compliance with all market requirements is guaranteed.



Technical data

Standards and Testing Standards	
	IFO 00400 1 IFO01400 1/0 FN00400 1 OFL00400 1
Verification by testing * Test Certificates	IEC 60439-1, IEC61439-1/-2, EN60439-1, CEI 60439-1 ABB SACE, ACAE LOVAG, SINAL, Cesi and Ismes
Electrical Data	ADD SACE, ACAE LOVAG, SINAL, Cesi and isines
Rated voltages	
······	1000\/ AC_1500\/ DC_**
Rated insulation voltage Ui	1000V AC, 1500V DC **
Rated operating voltage Ue	690V AC, 750V DC **
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp	Up to 6 / 8 / 12kV **
Overvoltage category	/ / V **
Degree of pollution	3
Rated frequency	50 - 60Hz
Rated currents	
Main busbars:	
Rated current le	Up to 8000 A
Rated peak withstand current lpk	Up to 330 kA
Rated short-time withstand current Icw	Up to 150 kA
Distribution busbars:	
Rated current le	Up to 4000 A
Rated peak withstand current lpk	Up to 264 kA
Rated short-time withstand current lcw	Up to 120 kA
Arc Proof	
Tested according IEC 61641	75 kA, 0.5 s at 690 V
	100 kA, 0.3 s at 415 V
Mechanical Characteristics	
Dimensions	
Height	2200 mm
Vidth	300, 400, 600, 800, 1000, 1200 mm
Depth	1025, 1200, 1400, 1600 mm
Basic grid size	E = 25mm acc. to DIN 43660
Surface protection	
- rame	Alu - Zinc coated
nternal partitions	UNI EN 10130 Zinc coated
Fransverse section	UNI ISO 4520 Zinc coated
Enclosure	RAL7035 (light grey) powder coating
Degrees of protection (IEC 60529, EN 60529)	•
With door open	IP 20
With door closed	IP 30 standard up to IP 54
Normal conditions	·
nstallation	Internal for service
Ambient temperature	min -5 °C, max 40 °C, average 24h 35 °C
Relative umidity	max 50% at 40 °C
Maximum altitude	≤ 2000 m
Extras	
Paint finish	
External protection	Special colour on request
Busbar system	
Main and branch busbars	Sheathed busbars, treated busbars (Ag/Sn)
Form of separation	: 3.134.134 233243, 134.04 2332410 (19701)
According IEC 61439-2	Up to 4b
According BS 61439-2	Up to 4b
	: UD 10 4D 14DE1

IFC Standards

IEC 61439

The new IEC 61439 standard replaces 60439 and applies to enclosures for which the rated voltage is under 1000 V AC (at frequencies not exceeding 1000 Hz) or 1500 V DC. The standard defines design-verified assemblies and completely eliminates categories TTA and PTTA. In order to conform to the standard, type tests have been replaced by design verification, which can be carried out by means of the following three equivalent and alternative methods: testing, calculation/measurement or application of design rules.

The following parts are mentioned but are not of equal importance. There is a formal hierarchy. None of the parts can be used individually:

- IEC 61439-1: General rules
- IEC 61439-2: Power switchgear and controlgear assemblies
- IEC 61439-3: Distribution boards
- IEC 61439-4: Assemblies for construction sites
- IEC 61439-5: Assemblies for power distribution
- IEC 61439-6: Busbar trunking systems.

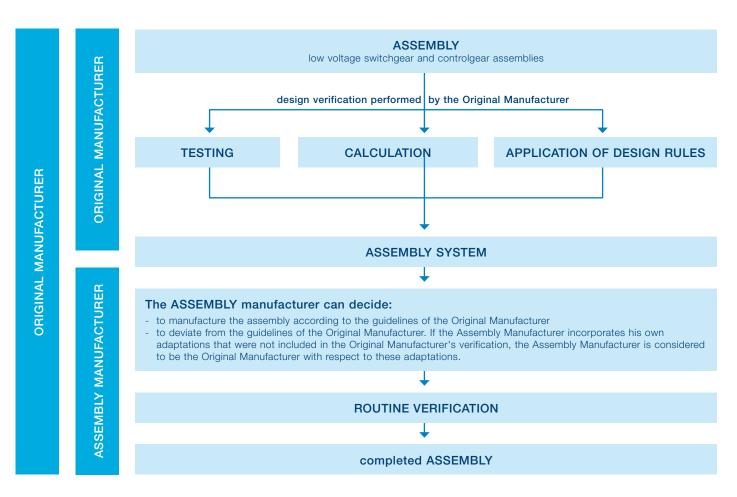
The new IEC 61439 standard includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the last edition of IEC 60439.

Divided responsibility

New terms have been introduced and responsibility has been divided between the "Original manufacturer" (e.g. ABB, responsible for producing the original design and associated verification of an assembly) and the "Assembly manufacturer" (e.g panel builder using an assembly system from an Original Manufacturer), which is responsible for the completed assembly.

The Assembly Manufacturer may be a different organisation from the Original Manufacturer. When an Assembly Manufacturer makes changes to the assembly configuration tested by the Original Manufacturer, he is considered to be the Original Manufacturer with respect of these changes and has to perform design verification.

ABB is in a unique position with respect to the new IEC international Standards, since ABB is both the 'Original Manufacturer' and the 'Assembly Manufacturer' in all its Worldwide locations.



Design verification instead of TTA and PTTA categories

Design verification replaces type tests, thus discrimination between type-tested assemblies (TTA) and partially typetested assemblies (PTTA) has been eliminated.

New types of verifications

Three different but equivalent types of requirement verifications have been introduced:

Verification by testing (test made on a sample of an assembly or on parts of assemblies to ascertain whether the design meets the appropriate requirements. This method is equivalent to the currently implemented type tests).

Verification by calculation/measurement (calculations are applied to a sample of an assembly or to parts of assemblies to ascertain whether the design meets the appropriate requirements).

Verification by application of design rules (specified rules for verifying the design of an assembly).

The appropriate verification method must be selected according to annex D, which explains the available verification options for each characteristic to be verified, as shown in the table below:

Charac	teristic to be verified	Verification options available			
		Verification by testing	Verification by calculation	Verification by design rules	
10,2	Strength of material and parts	Yes	No	No	
10,3	Degree of protection of enclosures	Yes	No	Yes	
10,4	Clearances and creepage distances	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10.5.2	Effective continuity between parts and PE	Yes	No	No	
10.5.3	Effectiveness of the assembly for external faults	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10,6	Incorporation of apparatus	No	No	Yes	
10,7	Internal electrical circuits and connections	No	No	Yes	
10,8	Terminals for external conductors	No	No	Yes	
10.9.2	Power frequency withstand voltage	Yes	No	No	
10.9.3	Impulse withstand voltage	Yes	No	Yes	
10.10	Temperature rise limits	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10,11	Short-circuit withstand strength	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10,12	EMC	Yes	No	Yes	
10,13	Mechanical operation	Yes	No	No	

^{*} Tests conducted according to standard 60439 with results that fulfil the requirements of the new IEC 61439 standard need not be repeated. Only the additional verification introduced by the new standard need be tested.

Technical changes

Verification of mechanical operation

- The number of mechanical operating cycles for main contacts and any other parts has been increased to 200

Verification of temperature rise

- The test methods to verify temperature rise limits have been extended and adapted
- Derivation is allowed for similar modules, with clearly listed limitations
- Verification by calculation is limited to assemblies up to 630A for single compartments and up to 1600A for multiple compartments

Rated diversity factor

- The rated diversity factor is described more clearly, with each circuit requiring a defined rating

Clearance verification

- Clearance verification by design may be applied using a 50% 'safety factor'

Neutral cross section

- The neutral cross section has been increased to at least 50% of the phase cross section. This is also valid for dimensioning PEN conductors.

Items subject to agreement between the Assembly Manufacturer and user

- Items subject to agreement between the Assembly Manufacturer and user have been revised and extended

Type Tested according IEC 61439

Type Tested

In order to guarantee the highest quality and performance standard, MNS R switchgear has been tested according to International Standard IEC61439. The tests simulate situations which occur very rarely or even never in the installations.

For example, a short-circuit at the maximum current level for which the installation has been designed is rather unrealistic owing to the presence of current-limiting components (such as the cables) and because the power available is normally less than the rated value.

A description of the main tests is given below:

Short-time and peak withstand current

The test shows that the main power and the earthing circuits withstand the stress caused by the passage of short-circuit current without damage. Note that both the earthing system of the withdrawable apparatus and the earthing busbar of the switchgear are subjected to the test. The mechanical and electrical properties of the main busbar system and top and bottom branch connections remain unchanged even if a shortcircuit occurs.

Temperature rise

The temperature rise test is conducted at the rated current value of the switchgear unit and shows that the internal temperature does not become too high. During the test, both the switchgear and the apparatus it may contain are checked (circuit-breakers, contactors and switch-disconnectors). Apparatus subject to testing in free air is able to withstand higher rated currents than that installed in a switchgear unit, thus the rated current of the apparatus depends on the characteristics of the switchgear and on the relative ventilation system (natural or forced).

Dielectric

These purpose of these tests is to check that the switchgear is sufficiently able to withstand lightning impulse and power frequency voltage. The power frequency withstand voltage test is performed as a type test, but is also a routine test for every switchgear unit manufactured.

Mechanical operations

All the operating parts are subjected to mechanical life tests to assess the reliability of the apparatus. General experience in the electro-technical sector shows that mechanical faults are one of the most common causes of faults in an installation.

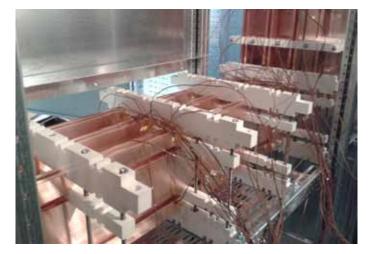
The switchgear and apparatus it contains are tested by performing a high number of operations - more than those normally carried out by installations in service. Moreover, the switchgear components are part of a quality control system and are regularly taken from the production lines and subjected to mechanical life tests to ensure that their quality is identical to that of components subjected to type tests.

Routine Tests

In addition to this, each switchgear unit is subjected to routine tests in the factory before being delivered.

Special Tests

In some cases, switchgears have to withstand external events that may create damage or interrupt the service. This the case of switchgear installed in seismic areas. MNS R has also been subjected to anti seismic tests with up to 0.5 g acceleration.





Arc Proof version





Internal Arc Test

Safety of personnel who work in the installations has always been a priority for ABB when designing low voltage switchgear.

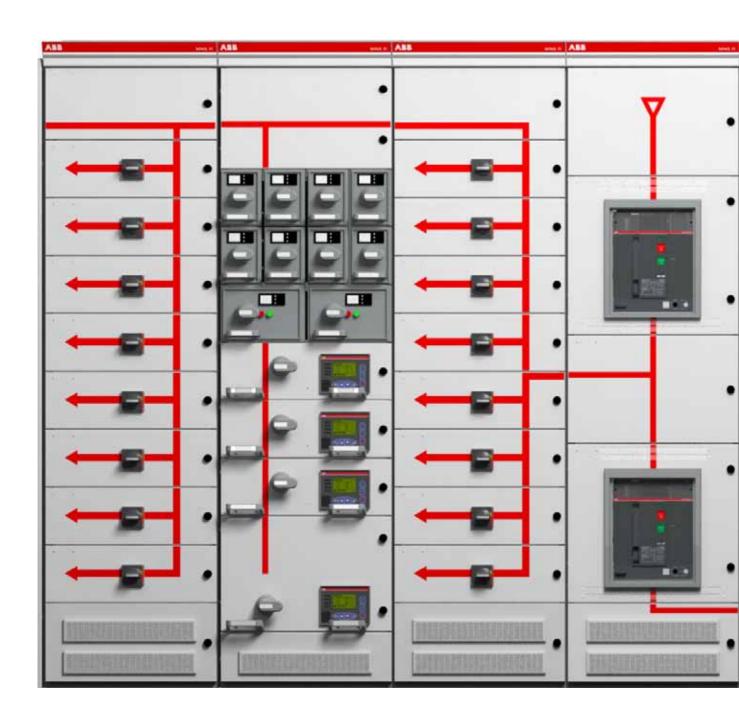
So much so, MNS R switchgear can be also supplied in the arc proof version in compliance with the requirements established by IEC 61641.

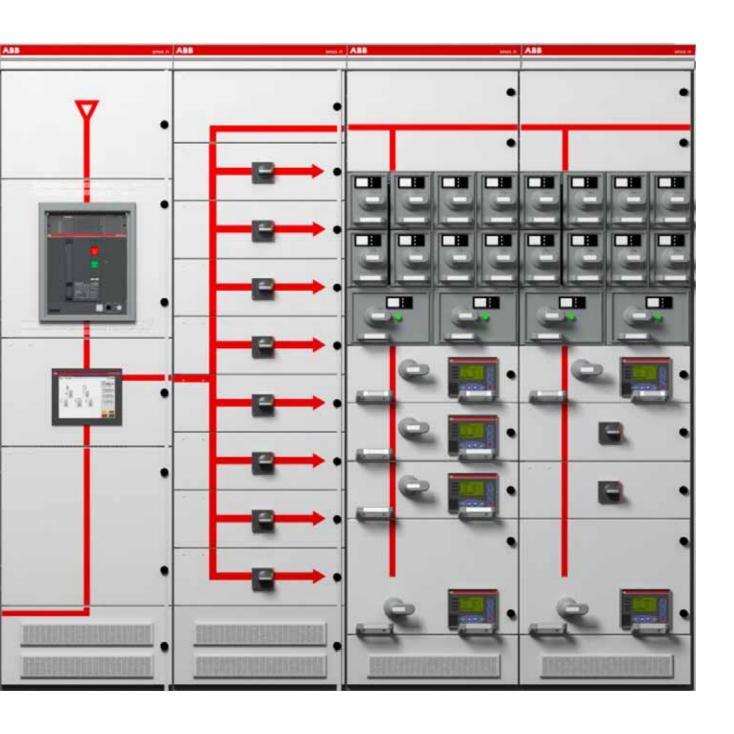
These requirements are listed below:

- 1 Properly secured doors, covers, etc., which must not open.
- 2 Parts of the switchgear and controlgear assembly which may represent a hazard, must be unable to fly off.
- 3 No holes must form in the freely accessible external parts of the enclosure as a result of paint or stickers burning or other reasons.
- 4 Vertically attached indicators must be unable to ignite (indicators that catch fire as a result of paint or stickers burning are excluded from this assessment).
- 5 The protective conductor circuit for touchable parts of the casing must be functioning.

Test criteria for plant protection, including system function protection:

- 6 The arc must be limited to the defined area and must not re-ignite in adjacent areas.
- 7 Emergency operation of the switchgear and controlgear assembly must be possible when the fault has been repaired and/or the functional units of the defined area have been isolated or removed. This requirement must be assessed by means of an insulation test performed at 1.5 times the rated operating voltage for 1 min.





Air circuit-breakers

Make sure that all the air circuit-breakers are in the vertical mounted withdrawable version to ensure maximum accessibility and reduce downtime during maintenance work. Owing to the unique design of MNS R switchgear, two air circuit-breakers can always be stacked in a single panel. This design ensures the most efficient layout and a reduced footprint. Whatever the size of the breakers and whether power is fed from the top or bottom, is always possible to install two incoming feeders, bus tie and bus riser in only two cubicles.

Auxiliary compartment

All cubicles have a dedicated auxiliary compartment where all the auxiliary equipment can be installed while maintaining segregation for the power components. In the case of stacked air circuit-breakers, the size of the compartment still allows indirect relays and multifunctional protection units to be installed. ABB offers a wide range of external multifunctional protection relays for transformers, generators and line feeders. The units can be equipped with native communication protocols like IEC61850 to integrate the low voltage feeder into the electrical control system of the installation.

Busbars

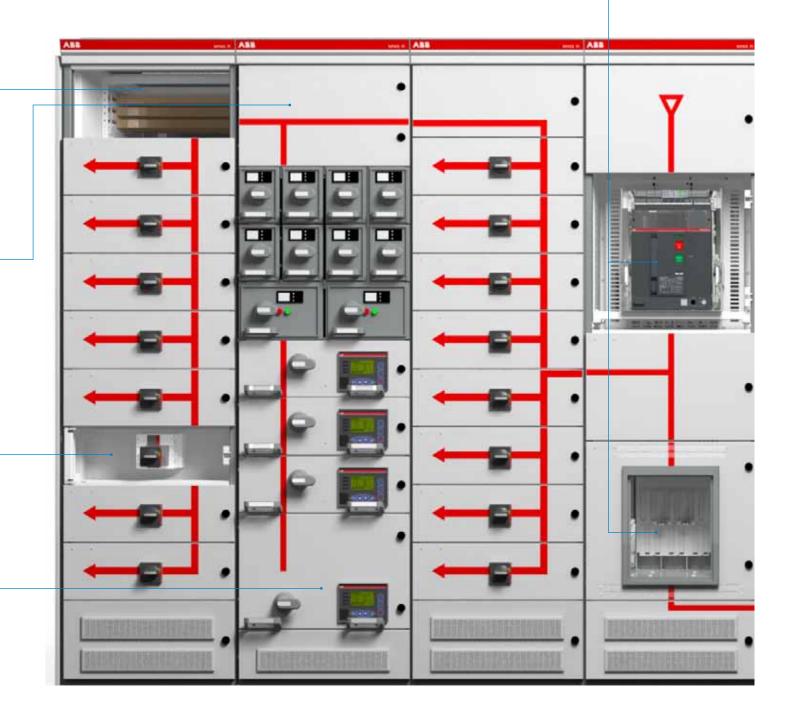
Thanks to the new multilevel design, the new MNS R busbars can now provide top performance up to 8000A on the main busbars and 4000A on the distribution busbars. Both the main busbars and distribution busbars can be completely segregated. Each MNS R panel can be fitted with three busbar systems at the same time (top-center- bottom) each segregated from the others. The new design also reduces downtime during maintenance work to modify the switchgear layout or install a spare feeder, since all the interconnections are made without holes in the busbars. Special surface treatments are available on request, so tin-plated, silver-plated or sheathed busbars can be supplied.

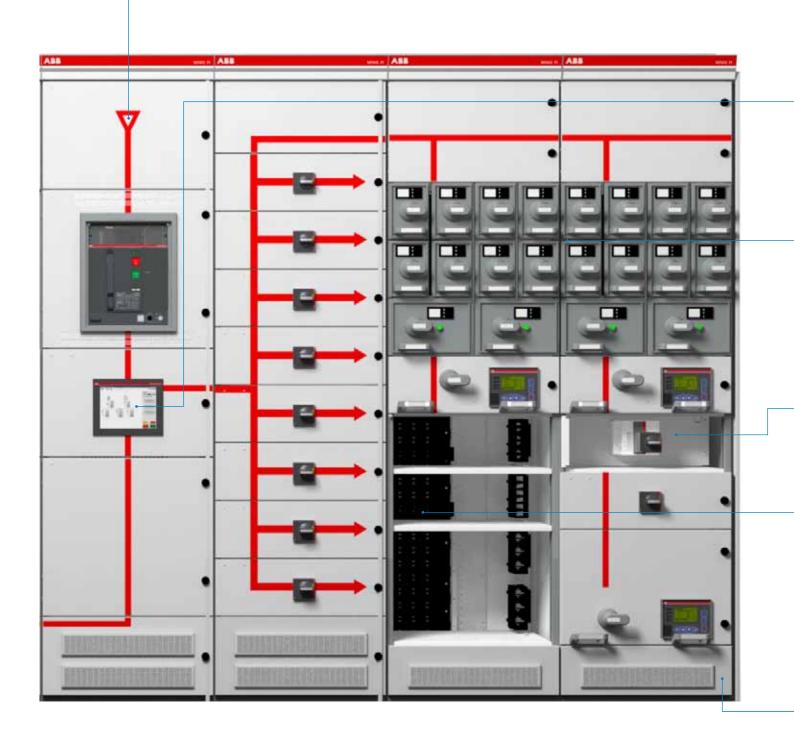
Moulded case circuit-breakers

Every moulded case circuit-breaker has a dedicated compartment segregated from the other breakers and with space to install all the auxiliary instrumentation for the feeder. To comply with customer requirements, molded case circuit-breakers are available in the fixed, plug-in and withdrawable versions.

Intelligent multifunctional relays

To integrate motor feeders into the process supervision system that controls production in modern plants, the motor feeders can be equipped with dedicated multifunctional protection relays for protection, metering and dialogue using the most common industrial protocols like Modbus or Profibus.





Bus duct connections

Rear power cable connection is the main characteristic of MNS R. It guarantees maximun safety and allows switchgear with reduced width to be created. If high rated current is used, a bus duct is often installed instead of the traditional cables. This is a common application for power centers and MNS R has been designed in order to be connected directly to the power bus duct either from the bottom or top. The switchgear busbars are made of copper but can also be connected straight onto an aluminum Bus duct.

Multifunctional touchscreen

All the switchgears can be controlled from a single location using the ABB touchscreen. You can operate on the breakers, read all the parameters, check the status of the breakers and read all the measurements by just a few "touches". ABB touchscreens also allow you to remote all the information so as to keep everything under control without having to be in front of the switchgear.

Withdrawable modules

The withdrawable technique has proved to be the appropriate solution in industrial applications where high accessibility is a must, especially for motor feeders. Modules can be easily exchanged under operational conditions thus assuring maximum flexibility. MNS modules are operated with the multifunction operating handle. This handle also activates the electrical and mechanical module and the module door interlocks. No further tools or unlocking devices are necessary to withdraw a module, thus replacing a module takes less than a minute. Replacement as well as retrofitting of modules can be performed under live conditions, should plant operating procedures allow.

Plug-in modules

Plug In modules can also be quickly removed without disassembling any parts. The module includes the power parts and also the auxiliary instrumentation, thus reducing downtime while plug-in modules are replaced to the minimum.

Multifunction Wall

The multifunction wall (MFW) with embedded distribution busbars is a unique MNS platform design for motor control center cubicles. It forms a complete barrier between the main busbars and the equipment compartment.

The distribution busbars are fully phase-segregated and insulated. This design makes it virtually impossible for an arc to pass between the distribution busbar phases or between the main busbars and equipment compartment. The insulation material is CFC- and halogen-free. It is also flame-retardant and self-extinguishing. Contact openings are finger proof (IP 2X) so that personnel safety is guaranteed even when modules are removed. Thanks to use of MNS-specific power contact housings, full single phase segregation is assured prior to connection of the power contacts to the distribution busbars.

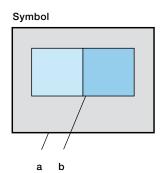
Reduced depth

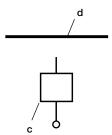
With a standard depth of only 1200 mm that can be reduced to 1025 depending on the switchgear layout, MNS R always guarantees the minimum footprint.

Segregation forms

MNS R segregation forms comply with standard IEC 61439-2 annex D. See the table below for more details. The purpose of segregations is mainly to allow personnel to safely access the internal parts of the switchgear and to minimize the

propagation of any faults that may occur in the circuits and adjacent compartments, all to the benefit of service continuity in the installation.

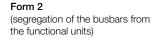




Key

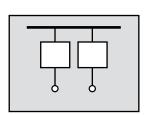
- a Housing
- **b** Internal segregation
- c Functional units including terminals for the associated external conductors
- d Busbars, including distribution busbars

Form 1 (no internal segregation)

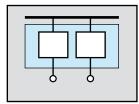


Form 3 (separation of the busbars from the functional units + separation of the functional units from each other)

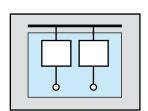
(separation of the busbars from the functional units + separation of the functional units from each other + separation of the terminals from each other)



Form 2a Terminals not separated from the busbars

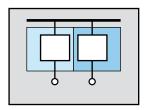


Form 2b Terminals separated from the busbars

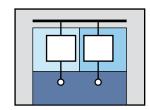


Form 3a

Terminals not separated from the busbars



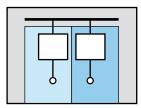
Form 3b Terminals separated from the busbars



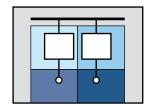
Form 4a

Form 4

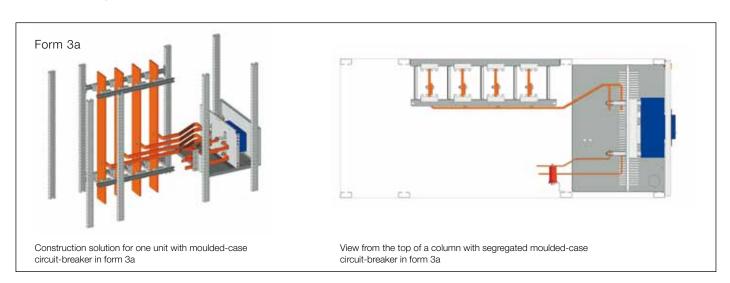
Terminals in the same compartment as the associated functional unit

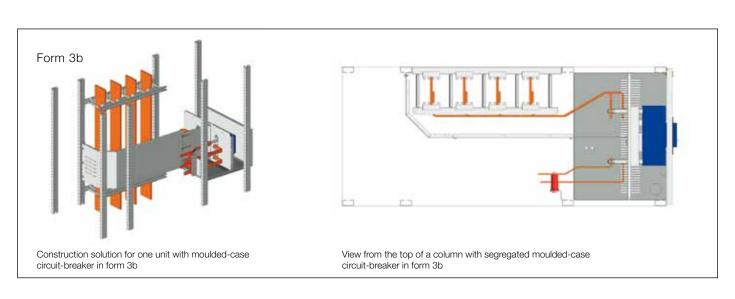


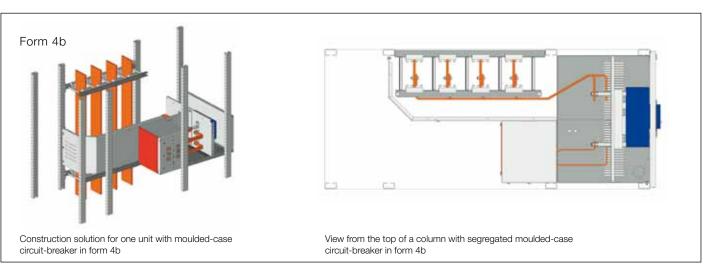
Terminals not in the same compartment as the associated functional unit



MNS R form 3a, 3b and 4b construction solutions







Power Cables

Cable compartment

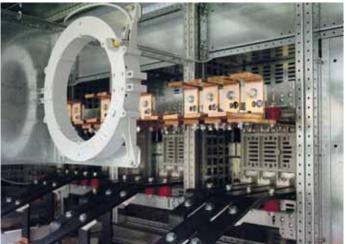
The cable compartment is situated in the rear side of the panel and and is accessible through a locked hinged door or removable bolted door.

It houses:

- power terminals
- outgoing cables
- current transformers

Segregation of the power cables from all the other power components together with the highest segregation form guarantees maximum operator safety and service continuity when maintenance operations are performed.





Type of termination

	Normal Lugs		Contained Palm		
Cable section (mm²)	L max	Screw	L max	Screw	
16	15	M8			
25	15	M6			
35	17	M8			
50	19	M8	11.5	M8	
70	21	M8	11.5	M8	
95	25	M10	15.5	M8	
120	28.5	M10	19	M8	
150	31.5	M10	19	M8	
185	35.5	M12	24.5	M10	
240	39	M12	31	M12	
300	51	M12	31	M12	
400	56.5	M16(*)			
500	61.6	M16(*)			
630	72	M16(*)			
800	80	M16(*)			

 $(\mbox{\ensuremath{^{*}}})$ the standard diameter of the hole in the busbar must be enlarged from 13 mm to 17 mm

Air Circuit-breakers - Normal lugs

	Maximum number of cables per phase					
Cable section (mm²)	E1.2	E2.2	E4.2	E6.2		
95	14	14	14	14		
120	8	8	8	8		
150	8	8	8	8		
185	8	8	8	8		
240	8	8	8	8		
300	4	4	4	4		
400	4	4	4	4		
500	4	4	2	4		
330	2	2	2	4		
300	2	2	2	2		

Air Circuit-breakers - Contained palm lugs

	Maximum number of cables per phase					
Cable section (mm²)	E1.2	E2.2	E4.2	E6.2		
95	4	14	14	14		
120	4	14	14	14		
150	4	14	14	14		
185	4	14	14	14		
240	4	8	8	8		
300	4	8	8	8		

Moulded Case Circuit-breakers

Breaker	Copper section	Cable lugs	1 cable x phase	2 cables x phase	3 cables x phase	4 cables x phase
	Normal	25 mm²	25 mm²			
XT1	15x5	Contained palm	50 mm²	50 mm²		
V.T.O.	15.5	Normal	25 mm²	25 mm²		
XT2	15x5	Contained palm	50 mm²	50 mm²		
VTO	00.5	Normal	70 mm²	70 mm²		
XT3	20x5	Contained palm	150 mm²	150 mm²		
VT 4	00.5	Normal	70 mm²	70 mm²		
XT4	T4 20x5	Contained palm	150 mm²	150 mm²		
T= 400.4	05.0	Normal	185 mm²	150 mm²		
T5 400A	25x8	Contained palm	240 mm²	185 mm²		
TE 000A	400	Normal	0.402	4052		
T5 630A	40x8	Contained palm	240 mm²	185 mm²		
TO 000 / 000	4040	Normal	0.40	0.402		
T6 630 / 800 40x10	40X10	Contained palm	240 mm²	240 mm ²		
	/ + \	Normal	0.40	0.40	0.40 2 (**)	0.40 2 (**)
T7	(*)	Contained palm	240 mm²	240 mm ²	240 mm² (**)	240 mm² (**)

^(*) T7/X1 800/1000A - Copper section 1 Cu 50x10xF / 1 x N
(*) T7/X1 1250/1600A - Copper section 2 Cu 50x10xF / 1 x N
(**) Only for T7/X1 1250/1600A (to be checked case by case depending on depth/width)

Standardization

The dimensions of the modules for each component have been standardized in order to ensure the most compact solutions as well as reasonable space for the cable compartment and auxiliary instruments.

The module dimensions are defined by using the E base unit, which equals 25 mm, according to IEC standards.

Cubicle type	Busbars position	Rated current	Module
Motor Control Center	Тор	≤ 3200A	10E
		≤ 5000A	14E
		6300A	16E
		8000A	18E
	Bottom	≤ 3200A	11E
		≤ 5000A	15E
		6300A	17E
		8000A	19E
Power center with vertically mounted breakers	Тор	≤ 8000A	15E
	Center	≤ 8000A	15E
	Bottom	≤ 8000A	11E
Power center with horizontally mounted breakers	Тор	≤ 5000A	12E
		6300A	14E
		8000A	15E
	Center	≤ 5000A	12E
		6300A	14E
		8000A	15E
	Bottom	≤ 5000A	13E
		6300A	15E
		8000A	17E

Power Center Breakers

Breaker	Position	Version	Module	Cubicle width*
Emax1.2	Vertical	3P or 4P	22E	600 mm / 800 mm**
Emax2.2	Vertical	3P or 4P	22E	600 mm
Emax4.2	Vertical	3P	22E	600 mm
Emax4.2	Vertical	4P	22E	800 mm
Emax6.2	Vertical	3P	22E	1000 mm
Emax6.2	Vertical	4P	22E	1200 mm
Tmax XT1	Horizontal	3P or 4P	8E	600mm
Tmax XT2	Horizontal	3P or 4P	8E	600mm
Tmax XT3	Horizontal	3P or 4P	8E	600mm
Tmax XT4	Horizontal	3P or 4P	8E	600mm
Tmax T5	Horizontal	3P or 4P	12E	600mm
Tmax T6	Vertical	3P or 4P	22E	600 mm / 800 mm**
Tmax T7	Vertical	3P or 4P	22E	600 mm / 800 mm**

^{*} The step up option is available for all the breakers

^{**} Four breakers type E1.2, T6 or T7 can be installed in a cubicle 800mm wide; two CBs at the top and two CBs at the bottom

Motor Control Center Plug in modules

Breaker	Application	Version	Minimum module	Cubicle width*
XT1	Energy distribution	3P or 4P	6E	600 mm
XT2	Energy distribution	3P or 4P	6E	600 mm
XT3	Energy distribution	3P	6E	600 mm
XT3	Energy distribution	4P	8E	600 mm
XT4	Energy distribution	3P	6E	600 mm
XT4	Energy distribution	4P	8E	600 mm
T4	Energy distribution	3P or 4P	8E	600 mm
T5 (400A)	Energy distribution	3P	8E	600 mm
T5 (400A)	Energy distribution	4P	16E	600 mm
T5 (630A)	Energy distribution	3P	16E	600 mm
T5 (630A)	Energy distribution	4P	24E	600 mm
T6 (630A)	Energy distribution	3P	16E	600 mm
T6 (630A)	Energy distribution	4P	24E	600 mm

^{* 600} mm is the only width available for MNS R MCC cubicles

Motor Control Center Withdrawable Modules

Drawer size*	Peformance**	Application	Maximum power	Cubicle width***
8E/4	400V / 50kA / Type 2	DOL	11kW	600 mm
8E/2	400V / 50kA / Type 2	DOL	30kW	600 mm
6E	400V / 50kA / Type 2	DOL	22kW	600 mm
8E	400V / 50kA / Type 2	DOL	45kW	600 mm
12E	400V / 50kA / Type 2	DOL	75kW	600 mm
16E	400V / 50kA / Type 2	DOL	132kW	600 mm
20E	400V / 50kA / Type 2	DOL	160kW	600 mm
24E	400V / 50kA / Type 2	DOL	200kW	600 mm
16E	400V / 50kA / Type 2	VSD	7.5kW	600 mm
24E	400V / 50kA / Type 2	VSD	45kW	600 mm

^{*} Drawer with circuit breakers as main protection device and without auxiliary instrumentation like protection relays

** Please consult ABB if different performance values are required

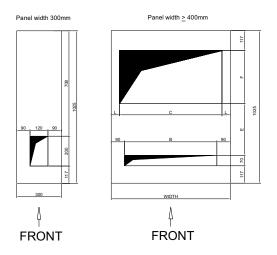
*** 600 mm is the only width available for MNS R MCC cubicles





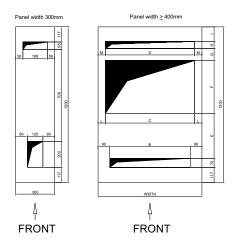
Foundations

Foundations for 1025 mm depth cubicles



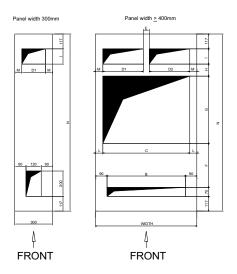
Depth 1	Pepth 1025mm												
Width	Busbar compartment	Note	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	L	М	N
300	525	PC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1025
400	525	PC	220	240	220	336	440	62	58	117	80	90	1025
600	525	PC	420	488	488	347	408	91	55	112	56	56	1025
800	525	PC	620	688	688	347	408	91	55	112	56	56	1025
1000	525	PC	820	888	820	336	440	62	55	112	56	90	1025
1200	525	PC	1020	1088	1020	336	440	62	55	112	56	90	1025
600	525	MCC	420	488	488	440	310	96	55	112	56	90	1025

Foundations for 1200 mm depth cubicles



Depth 1	200mm												
Width	Busbar compartment	Note	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	L	М	N
300	525	PC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1200
400	525	PC	220	240	220	336	440	62	58	117	80	90	1200
600	525	PC	420	488	488	347	408	91	55	112	56	56	1200
800	525	PC	620	688	688	347	408	91	55	112	56	56	1200
1000	525	PC	820	888	820	336	440	62	55	112	56	90	1200
1200	525	PC	1020	1088	1020	336	440	62	55	112	56	90	1200
600	525	MCC	420	488	488	440	310	96	55	112	56	90	1200

Foundations for 1400/1600 mm depth cubicles



_				_		
Den	th	-1.	ΔГ	m	m	m

Dopar i roomin													
Width	Busbar compartment	Note	В	С	D1	D2	Е	F	G	Н	I	L	М
300	525	PC	220	240	188	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	56
400	525	PC	220	240	220	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	56
600	525	PC	420	488	220	220	48	347	408	96	245	56	56
800	525	PC	620	688	320	320	48	347	408	96	245	56	56
1000	525	PC	820	888	420	420	48	340	440	76	240	56	56
1200	525	PC	1020	1088	520	520	48	340	440	76	240	56	56
600	525	MCC	420	488	220	220	48	445	310	96	245	56	56

Depth 160	0mm
-----------	-----

Width	Busbar compartment	Note	В	С	D1	D2	Е	F	G	Н	ı	L	М
300	525	PC	220	240	188	-	-	-	-	-	320	-	56
400	525	PC	220	240	220	-	-	314	440	76	440	80	90
600	525	PC	420	488	220	220	48	347	408	96	445	56	56
800	525	PC	620	688	320	320	48	347	408	96	445	56	56
1000	525	PC	820	888	420	420	48	340	440	76	440	56	56
1200	525	PC	1020	1088	520	520	48	340	440	76	440	56	56
600	525	MCC	420	488	220	220	48	445	310	96	245	56	56

ABB Components Emax 2 air circuit-breakers

Distinctive features

SACE Emax 2 is a new series of up to 6300 A low voltage air circuit-breakers able to efficiently and simply control both traditional and more complex electrical installations, with minimum impact. The new SACE Emax 2 circuit-breakers represent circuit-breaker evolution into a Power Manager.

Efficiency

SACE Emax 2 air circuit-breakers have been designed to manage, with maximum efficiency, all low voltage electrical installations: from industrial plants, naval applications, traditional and renewable power generation installations to buildings, shopping centres, data centres and communication networks. Achieving maximum efficiency in an electrical installation for the purpose of reducing consumption and waste requires intelligent management of power supplies and energy use. For this reason, the new technologies used in SACE Emax 2 circuit-breakers allow the productivity and reliability of the installations to be optimized while reducing power consumption and fully respecting the environment. SACE Emax 2 is a new series of up to 6300 A low voltage air circuit-breakers able to efficiently and simply control both traditional and more complex electrical installations, with minimum impact. The new SACE Emax 2 circuit-breakers represent circuit-breaker evolution into a Power Manager.

Control

The exclusive Power Controller function available in the new SACE Emax 2 circuit-breakers monitors the power managed by the circuit-breaker and keeps it below the limit set by the user. As a result of this more effective use, peak power consumption can be limited, thereby saving on electricity bills. Patented by ABB, the Power Controller disconnects non-priority utilities, such as electric car charging stations, lighting or refrigeration units, at the times when consumption limits need to be respected, and connects them again as soon as it is appropriate.

When required, the Power Controller automatically activates auxiliary power supplies such as generator sets. No monitoring system is required: just set the required load limit on Emax 2, which can control any circuit-breaker located downstream even if it is without a measurement function. In installations that are already equipped with energy management systems, the load limit can also be modified remotely. SACE Emax 2 circuit-breakers are equipped with a new generation of protection trip units that are easy to program and read. The Ekip Touch trip units measure power and energy with precision and store the most recent alarms, events and measurements. This means that they can prevent faults in the installation or trip effectively when necessary. The Network Analyzer function is also available on request. This function controls absorbed power quality in real time and with extreme precision.



In addition, the innovative Ekip Touch and Hi-Touch trip units in the G version include all generator protection switchgear functions, offering a safe control solution that is ready to use. No external devices, wiring or inspections are required.

Connectivity

SACE Emax 2 series circuit-breakers can be integrated perfectly into all automation and energy management systems so as to improve productivity and energy consumption, and perform remote service. All circuit-breakers can be equipped with communication units available for use with Modbus, Profibus, and DeviceNet protocols as well as the modern Modbus TCP, Profinet and EtherNet IP protocols. The cartridge-type modules can be easily installed directly on the terminal box, even at a later date. In addition, automation systems widely used in medium voltage power distribution systems can be connected thanks to the integrated IEC 61850 communication module so as to create intelligent networks (Smart Grids). Accurate current, voltage, power and energy measurements can also be obtained by means of the communication modules. The trip units themselves can be used as multimeters which display the available measurements. The Ekip Multimeter can be connected in the front of the switchgear without the need for external instruments and bulky transformers. All circuit-breaker functions are also accessible via the Internet, in complete safety, through the Ekip Link switchgear supervision system and the Ekip Control Panel operator panel. The power and auxiliary connections are optimized to simplify connection to the switchgear. The power terminals, which can be positioned horizontally or vertically, have been designed for the most common busbars, while the push-in connections of the auxiliaries ensure immediate and safe wiring.





Integrated Protection trip units

SACE Emax 2 Ekip protection trip units are the new benchmark for protection, measurements and control of low voltage electrical systems. The result of ABB SACE's experience and research, not only do they make Emax 2 circuit-breaker, but an actual Power Manager with all the functions required for optimal management of the system and without the need for external devices. The protection units are divided into two families: Ekip for distribution protection and Ekip G for generator protection.

The range of trip units is available with two performance levels: Dip, Touch and Hi-Touch, to meet ther requirements of simple to advanced applications. Exclusive functions such as the Ekip Power Controller and Network Analyzer complete the range, enabling power management and energy quality analysis. The complete, flexible Ekip protection trip unit, which can be adapted to the actual level of protection required, is shown below:

	Fields of	Current measure-	Measurement of	Measurement and	Network	Power Control
	application	ment and protec-	voltage, power,	Protection of voltage,	Analyzer	
		tion	energy	power, energy		
Ekip Dip	Distribution	with Ekip Multimeter	=	=	-	-
Ekip Touch		•	with Ekip Measuring	with Ekip Measuring Pro	-	with Ekip Power Controller
Ekip Hi-Touch		•	•	•	•	
Ekip G Touch	Generators	•	•	•	-	with Ekip Power Controller
Ekip G Hi-Touch		•	•	•	•	

Power distribution protection units available in the LI, LSI and LSIG versions, are suitable for all distribution systems. Ekip trip units are designed to protect a vast range of applications, such as use with transformers, motors and drives. Ekip Dip, Ekip Touch or Ekip Hi-Touch are available, depending on the complexity of the system, the need to take voltage or energy measurements or to include control systems in switchgear. Ekip G protects generators without the use of external devices requiring dedicated relays and wiring. Ekip G increases efficiency from the design stage to installation. It minimizes the time required for construction and commissioning, while ensuring high levels of accuracy and reliability for all the protection devices required for operating generators in situations such as naval, GenSet or cogeneration applications.

Ekip Power Controller is the new function that controls the power absorbed, thereby increasing the efficiency of the system. This ABB SACE patented function measures power and energy but also controls loads and generators in order to optimize the power consumed and without requiring complex external automation logic.

Thanks to the Network Analyzer function integrated in all Hi-Touch versions, energy quality in terms of harmonics, micro-interruptions and voltage dips is monitored without the need for dedicated instrumentation. This allows effective preventive and corrective actions to be implemented through accurate fault analysis, thereby improving the efficiency of the system.

ABB Components Emax 2 air circuit-breakers

Common data		
Rated service voltage Ue	[V]	690
Rated insulation voltage Ui	[V]	1000
Rated impulse withstand voltage Uimp	[kV]	12
Frequency	[Hz]	50 - 60
Number of poles	•	3- 4
Version	•	Fixed - Withdrawable
Isolation behaviour	•	IEC 60947-2



SACE Emax 2			E1.2				
Performance levels			В	С	N	L	
Rated uninterrupted current lu @	⊉ 40°C	[A]	630	630	250	630	
		[A]	800	800	630	800	
		[A]	1000	1000	800	1000	
		[A]	1250	1250	1000	1250	
		[A]	1600	1600	1250		
		[A]			1600		
		[A]					
Neutral pole current-carrying ca	pacity for 4-pole CBs	[%lu]	100	100	100	100	
Rated ultimate short-circuit	400-415 V	[kA]	42	50	66	150	
breaking capacity Icu	440 V	[kA]	42	50	66	130	
	500-525 V	[kA]	42	42	50	100	
	690 V	[kA]	42	42	50	60	
Rated service short-circuit brea	king capacity lcs	[%lcu]	100	100	100 ¹⁾	100	
Rated short-time withstand	(1s)	[kA]	42	42	50	15	
current Icw	(3s)	[kA]	24	24	36	-	
Rated short-circuit making	400-415 V	[kA]	88	105	145	330	
capacity (peak value) Icm	440 V	[kA]	88	105	145	286	
	500-525 V	[kA]	88	88	105	220	
	690 V	[kA]	88	88	105	132	
Utilization category (according t	o IEC 60947-2)		В	В	В	А	
Breaking	Breaking time for I <icw< td=""><td>[ms]</td><td>40</td><td>40</td><td>40</td><td>40</td><td></td></icw<>	[ms]	40	40	40	40	
	Breaking time for I>Icw	[ms]	25	25	25	10	
Dimensions	H - Fixed/Withdrawable	[mm]	296/363.5	296/363.5	296/363.5	296/363.5	
	D - Fixed/Withdrawable	[mm]	183/271	183/271	183/271	183/271	
	W - Fixed 3p/4p/4p FS	[mm]	210/280	•	•		
	W - Withdrawable 3p/4p/4p FS	[mm]	278/348				
Weight (CB with trip unit and	Fixed 3p/4p	kg	14/16		····•		
current sensor)	Withdrawable 3p/4p/4p FS including fixed part	kg	38/43				

¹⁾ lcs: 50kA for 400V...440V voltage; 2) lcs: 125kA for 400V...440V voltage; 3) E4.2H 3200A: 66 lcw (3s)

SACE Emax 2			E1.2				
	al life with regular routine	[lu]	≤ 1000	1250	1600	1250 L	
naintenance as prescribed by the manufacturer		[Num. cycles x 1000]	20	20	20	20	
	Frequency	[Oper./Hour]	60	60	60	60	
Electrical life	440 V	[Num. cycles x 1000]	8	8	8	3	
	690 V	[Num. cycles x 1000]	8	6.5	6.5	1	
	Frequency	[Oper./Hour]	30	30	30	30	







E2.2				E4.2			E6.2				
В	N	s	Н	N	S	Н	٧	Н	V	Х	
 1600	800	250	800	3200	3200	3200	2000	4000	4000	4000	
 2000	1000	800	1000	4000	4000	4000	2500	5000	5000	5000	
	1250	1000	1250				3200	6300	6300	6300	
	1600	1250	1600	:			4000				
	2000	1600	2000	:							
	2500	2000	2500								
		2500		:							
 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	50-100	50-100	50-100	
42	66	85	100	66	85	100	150	100	150	200	
 42	66	85	100	66	85	100	150	100	150	200	
 42	66	66	85	66	66	85	100	100	130	130	
 42	66	66	85	66	66	85	100	100	100	120	
 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100 ²⁾	100	100	100	
 42	66	66	85	66	66	85	100	100	100	120	
 42	50	50	66	50	66	75 ³⁾	75	100	100	100	
 88	145	187	220	145	187	220	330	220	330	440	
 88	145	187	220	145	187	220	330	220	330	440	
 88	145	145	187	145	145	187	220	220	286	286	
 88	145	145	187	145	145	187	220	220	220	264	
В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	
 40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	
 25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	
 371/425	371/425	371/425	371/425	371/425	371/425	371/425	371/425	371/425	371/425	371/425	
270/383	270/383	270/383	270/383	270/383	270/383	270/383	270/383	270/383	270/383	270/383	
 276/366	•••••	•••••	•••••	384/510	•••••	•••••	•••••	762/888/10	14	······	
 317/407				425/551			803/929/1069				
 41/53				56/70			109/125/140				
84/99				110/136			110/136				

:								E6.2			
E2.2				E4.2							
< 1600	1600	2000	2500	< 2500	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	
25	25	25	20	20	20	20	15	12	12	12	
60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	
 15	12	10	8	10	8	7	5	4	3	2	
 15	10	8	7	10	8	7	4	4	2	2	
 30	30	30	30	20	20	20	20	10	10	10	

ABB Components Tmax XT Moulded Case circuit-breakers

Overview

The new SACE Tmax XT moulded case circuit-breakers can be installed everywhere since they are made to comply successfully with all plant engineering requirements, both standard and technologically advanced, thanks to their extraordinarily comprehensive range. A complete offer up to 250A for distribution, motor protection, generator protection, oversized neutrals, as switch-disconnectors and for all other needs. A new range of thermomagnetic and electronic protection trip units, interchangeable down to the smallest frames. To say nothing of the new and wide variety of dedicated accessories available, even for special applications. The choice is up to you: XT1 and XT3 for building standard installations with ABB SACE's unrivalled reliability and safety, or XT2 and XT4 for building technologically advanced installations with top-of-the-market performance. New SACE Tmax XT: simply extraordinary, whatever your choice.

Trip Units

The trip units are interchangeable and guarantee absolute tripping reliability and precision. Besides the continuous green LED, which indicates that the protection trip unit is operating correctly, all Ekip trip units have a LED that signals when the protection functions have tripped.

To allow Ekip units to communicate and exchange information with the other devices, simply insert the Ekip Com module inside the circuit-breaker, leaving the space inside the electric panel free.

All Ekip trip units can be fitted with a vast range of dedicated accessories. The main ones are:

- Ekip Display, to be applied to the front of the electronic trip unit for improved information setting and reading;
- Ekip LED Meter, to be installed on the front of the trip unit so as to simplify current readings;
- Ekip TT, the new trip test unit;
- Ekip T&P, the extraordinary testing and programming unit.
 Lastly, earth fault protection G is now available on the 160A frame for the first time.

Accessories

When it comes to accessories, ease of installation is the first important innovation: coils and auxiliary contacts no longer need screws for their installation. With the new rapid system, simply apply slight pressure to the circuit-breaker slot where the accessory is to be inserted.

Another innovation concerns the new auxiliary contacts whose signals depend on the position in which they are installed inside the circuit-breaker.

The new motor operators are available with direct operating mechanism for the new XT1-XT3 and stored energy operating mechanism for XT2 and XT4.

Apart from simple installation and compact dimensions, the new motor operators require low power values on inrush and during service. The new residual current releases for XT2-XT4 are not only available for the fixed version, but also for the plug-in and withdrawable versions.









Ekip Com

Ekip Com allows the MOE-E motor operator to be controlled, so as to determine the ON/OFF/TRIP state of the circuitbreaker, and connection of the electronic trip unit to a Modbus communication line.

Ekip Com is available in two versions: one for fixed/plug-in circuit-breakers and a version complete with connector for the fixed part and the moving part of withdrawable circuitbreakers.

Main characteristics

Installation

The Ekip Com module fits into the special housing in the right-hand pole of the circuit-breaker. Fixing is automatic, without the need for screws or tools.

Connection to the trip unit is made with the special small cable which, for practical and safety reasons, is fitted with a cable guide. Connection towards the Modbus line is made by means of the terminal box to which a 24V DC auxiliary power supply must also be connected and which activates both the module and the protection trip unit.

Functions

The Ekip Com module can acquire the state of the circuitbreaker remotely and, in conjunction with the MOE-E motor operator, allows the circuit-breaker to be opened and closed. If used in conjunction with a trip unit complete with communication (Ekip LSI, Ekip LSIG or Ekip M-LRIU), the Ekip Com module allows the trip unit to be connected to a Modbus network. This means that the protections can be programmed and measurements and alarms acquired when it is connected to a control and/or supervision system. When connected to an HMI030 unit, these data can be displayed locally on the front of the switchgear. Consult the "Communication Systems" section in the "Ranges" chapter for further details about the communication systems that can be obtained by means of the Ekip Com module.

HMI030 interface on the switchgear front

HMI030 is an interface on the front of the switchgear that can only be used with protection trip units fitted with Ekip Com.

Main characteristics

Installation

HMI030 can be fitted into the opening in the door thanks to the automatic click-in method. In situations where mechanical stress is particularly intense, it can also be installed with the special clips supplied. It must be connected directly to the Ekip LSI, Ekip LSIG or Ekip M-LRIU protection trip units with Ekip Com via the serial communication line. HMI030 requires a 24V DC power supply.

Functions

HMI030 consists of a graphic display and 4 buttons for browsing through the menus.

This accessory allows you to view:

- the measurements taken by the release to which it is connected:
- the alarms/events of the release.

Thanks to its high level of accuracy, the same as that of the trip unit protection, the device is a valid substitute for conventional instruments without any additional current transformers.

ABB Components Tmax XT Moulded Case circuit-breakers

	·	·					:
Dated uninterminated accurant	[A]	XT1					
Rated uninterrupted current	[A]	160			.		<u>.</u>
Poles (AC) 50 co. Lin	[Nr]	3, 4 690				······	<u>.</u>
Rated service voltage, Ue (AC) 50-60 Hz (DC)	[V] [V]	500	···•		·····•		
Rated insulation voltage, Ui	[V]	800	···•		•••••		
Rated impulse withstand voltage, Uimp	[kV]	8	····	•••••		·······	
Versions	<u>.</u>	Fixed, Plug-	in ⁽²⁾	·····		·······	<u>.</u>
Breaking capacities		В	С	N	S	Н	<u>:</u>
Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity, Icu							•
Icu @ 220/230 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	25	40	65	85	100	
Icu @ 380 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	18	25	36	50	70	<u>.</u>
Icu @ 415 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	18	25	36	50	70	<u>.</u>
Icu @ 440 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	15	25	36	50	65	<u>.</u>
Icu @ 500 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	8	18	30	36	50	<u>.</u>
Icu @ 525 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	6	8	6	35	35	
Icu @ 690 V 50-60 Hz (AC) Icu @ 250 V (DC) 2 poli in series	[kA] [kA]	3 18	4 25	36	8 50	10 70	
Icu @ 500 V (DC) 3 poli in series	[kA]	18	25	36	50	70	
Rated service short-circuit breaking capacity, Ics	: ho d	10				: 10	i
Icu @ 220/230 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	100%	100%	75%(50)	75%	75%	:
Ics @ 380 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	<u> </u>
Ics @ 415 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	100%	100%	100%	75%	50% (37.5)	<u>:</u>
Ics @ 440 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	75%	50%	50%	50%	50%	
lcs @ 500 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	100%	50%	50%	50%	50%	<u> </u>
lcs @ 525 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	100%	100%	50%	50%	50%	
Ics @ 690 V 50-60 Hz (AC)		100%	100%	75%	50%	50%	
Ics @ 250 V (DC) 3 poli in series	<u>.</u>	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	<u>.</u>
lcs @ 500 V (DC) 3 poli in series	<u> </u>	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	<u> </u>
Rated short-circuit making capacity, Icm	: [I.A]		. 0.4	140	107		:
Icu @ 220/230 V 50-60 Hz (AC) Icm @ 380 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA] [kA]	52.5 36	84 52.5	143 75.6	187 105	220 154	<u>.</u>
Icm @ 415 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	36	52.5	75.6	105	154	
Icm @ 440 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	[kA]	30	52.5	75.6	105	143	
Icm @ 500 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	i P. A	13.6	36	63	75.6	105	-
Icm @ 525 V 50-60 Hz (AC)	<u>.</u>	9.18	13.6	46.2	73.5	73.5	.
Icm @ 690 V 50-60 Hz (AC)		4.26	5.88	9.18	13.6	17	:
Utilisation category (IEC 60947-2)		Α					
Reference Standard IEC 60947-2	•	√				······	<u>.</u>
Isolation behaviour	<u> </u>	. √	*				<u>.</u>
Mounted on DIN rail		DIN EN 500	22			······	
Mechanical life	[Num. operations]						<u>.</u>
Floatrical life @ 415 V (AC)	[Num. hourly operations]	8000		·····		······	
Electrical life @ 415 V (AC)	[Num. operations] [Num. hourly operations]		<u>.</u>	·····	·····•	············	
Trip units for power distribution	: [rvaiii. Hourry operations]	140	•		·····•		1
TMD / TMA	:	:	···•	······	·····	·······	.
TMD		=	···•		·····		
Ekip LS/I						············	<u>.</u>
Ekip I			••••	•••••	•••••	•	<u> </u>
Ekip LSI							
Ekip LSIG							
Trip units for motor protection	•					•••••	·····
MA	•						<u>.</u>
Ekip M-I		<u> </u>				······	
Ekip M-LIU	<u>:</u> :	<u>:</u>	.	.	.	······	<u>.</u>
Ekip M-LRIU	<u>i</u>	<u>:</u>			.		<u> </u>
Trip units for generator protection	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>		·····	·····•		<u>:</u>
TMG Ekip G-LSI	:	<u>.</u>	.	·····	.	·······•	<u>.</u>
EKIP G-LSI Trip units for oversized Neutral Protection	<u>:</u>	<u>i</u>			·····•		<u> </u>
Ekip N-LS/I	<u> </u>	·	*	·····			<u>:</u>
Ekip E-LSIG		<u> </u>	.	······	.	·······	<u>.</u>
	:	:	*		·····•		<u>:</u>
Interchangeable protection trip units							

⁽¹) 90kA @ 690V only for XT4160A; (²) XT1 Plug-In In max = 125A; ■ Delivered already mounted; ▲ Trip unit only

XT2					XT3								
160			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	250	·····	160/250	160/250					
3, 4	3, 4			3, 4		3, 4							
690				690		690							
500					500		500						
1000					800		1000						
8					8		8						
Fixed, W	/ithdrawable, P	lug-in			Fixed, Plu	ıg-in	Fixed, Wit	thdrawable, P	lug-in	-			
N	S	Н	L	V	N	S	N	S	Н	L	٧		
······	······		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······		······	·····	······•			
65	85	100	150	200	50	85	65	85	100	150	200		
36	50	70	120	150	36	50	36	50	70	120	150		
36	50	70	120	150	36	50	36	50	70	120	150		
36	50	65	100	150	25	40	36	50	65	100	150		
30	36	50	60	70	20	30	30	36	50	60	70		
20	25	30	36	50	13	20	20	25	45	50	50		
10	12	15	18	20	5	6	10	12	15	20	25 (90) ⁽		
36	50	70	85	100	36	50	36	50	70	85	100		
36	50	70	85	100	36	50	36	50	70	85	100		
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	50% (27)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	50% (27)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75% (20		
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
143	187	220	330	440	105	187	143	187	220	330	440		
75.6	105	154	264	440	75.6	105	75.6	105	154	264	330		
75.6	105	154	264	330	75.6	105	75.6	105	154	264	330		
75.6	105	143	220	330	52.5	84	75.6	105	143	220	330		
63	75.6	105	132	154	40	63	63	75.6	105	132	154		
40	52.5	63	75.6	105	26	40	40	52.5	94.5	105	110		
17	24	30	36	40	8.5	13.6	17	24	30	40	52.5		
Α					Α		Α						
√				······	√		√			······			
√					√		√						
DIN EN	50022		<u>.</u>		DIN EN 5	0022	DIN EN 50	0022	.				
25000	·····				25000	·····	25000	·····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····			
240			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		240	·····	240			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······		
8000					8000		8000						
120		<u>.</u>	·····•		120	<u>.</u>	120			·····	<u>.</u>		
······································	······•	·····	·····•	·····	····· <u></u>	<u>.</u>	···:		·····	·····	·····		
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A	·······•			······•		······	A			······			
A					···· !	······•	A			·····•	•••••		
A		.			<u>i</u>	·····•	A	·····•			·····		
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ABB Components Tmax Moulded Case circuit-breakers

Overview

The Tmax moulded-case circuit-breaker series, which complies with Standard IEC 60947-2, is divided into six basic sizes, with an application range up to 1600 A and breaking capacities from 16 kA to 200 kA (at 380/415 V AC).

The following are available for protecting alternating current networks:

- T2, T3 and T4 (up to 50 A) circuit-breakers equipped with TMD thermomagnetic trip units with adjustable thermal threshold (I1 = $0.7...1 \times In$) and fixed magnetic threshold \ (I3 = $10 \times In$);
- T2, T3 and T5 circuit-breakers, fitted with TMG trip units for long cables and generator protection with adjustable thermal threshold (I1 = 0.7...1 x In) and fixed magnetic threshold (I3 = 3 x In) for T2 and T3, and adjustable magnetic threshold (I3 = 2.5...5 x In) for T5;
- T4, T5 and T6 circuit-breakers with TMA thermomagnetic trip units with adjustable thermal threshold ($I1 = 0.7...1 \times In$) and adjustable magnetic threshold ($I3 = 5...10 \times In$);
- T2 with PR221DS electronic trip unit;

stored energy operating mechanism.

- T4, T5 and T6 with PR221DS, PR222DS/P, PR222DS/PD and PR223DS electronic trip units;
- the T7 circuit-breaker, which completes the Tmax family up to 1600 A, fitted with PR231/P, PR232/P, PR331/P and PR332/P electronic trip units. The T7 circuit-breaker is available in the two versions:
 with manual operating mechanism or motor-operated with

The field of application of the Tmax series in alternating current installations is up to 1600 A with up to 690 V voltage. The Tmax T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 circuit-breakers equipped with TMF, TMD and TMA thermomagnetic trip units can also be used in direct current plants, with a range of application up to 800 A and a minimum operating voltage of 24 V DC, according to the appropriate connection diagrams. Three-pole T2, T3 and T4 circuit-breakers can also be fitted with MF and MA adjustable magnetic only trip units, for both alternating current and direct current applications, especially for motor protection.

The single-phase trip current is defined for all the circuitbreakers in the series fitted with thermomagnetic and electronic trip units.

Double insulation

Tmax has double insulation between the live power parts (excluding the terminals) and the front parts of the apparatus where the operator works during normal operation of the installation. The seat of each electrical accessory is completely segregated from the power circuit, thereby preventing any risk of contact with live parts. In particular, the operating mechanism is completely insulated from the powered circuits.

In addition, the circuit-breaker has oversized insulation, both between the live internal parts and in the area of the connection terminals. The distances actually exceed those required by the IEC Standards and comply with the indications in standard UL 489.





Positive operation

The operating lever always indicates the precise position of the moving contacts of the circuit-breaker, thereby guaranteeing safe and reliable signals, in accordance with standards IEC 60073 and IEC 60417-2.

(I = Closed; O = Open; yellow-green line = Open due to protection trip).

The circuit-breaker operating mechanism features free release regardless of the pressure on the lever and the speed of operation. Protection tripping automatically opens the moving contacts: to close them again, the operating mechanism must be reset by pushing the operating lever from the intermediate position to the lowest open position.

Isolation behavior

In the open position, the circuit-breaker guarantees circuit compliance with Standard IEC 60947-2. The oversized insulation distances ensure that there are no leakage currents and dielectric resistance to any overvoltages between input and output.

Versions and types

All Tmax circuit-breakers are available in fixed versions, T2, T3, T4 and T5 in the plug-in version and T4, T5, T6 and T7 also in the withdrawable version.

All the circuit-breakers can be operated in the manual mode using the operating lever or the rotary handle (direct or transmitted), and electrically operated. Different solutions are available:

- Solenoid operator for T2 and T3
- Stored energy motor operator for T4, T5 and T6
- T7 with stored energy operating mechanism, gear motor for automatic loading of the closing springs and shunt opening and closing releases.

Thermomagnetic trip units

Tmax T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6 circuit-breakers can be fitted with thermomagnetic trip units and are used for protecting alternating and direct current networks with 1.6 A to 800 A operating range. They achieve protection against overload with a thermal device (with adjustable threshold for T2, T3, T4, T5 and T6) created using the bimetal technique, and protection against short-circuit with a magnetic device (with fixed threshold for T2 and T3 and T4 up to 50 A and adjustable threshold for T4, T5 and T6).

The four-pole circuit-breakers are always supplied with the neutral protected by the trip unit and with protection of the neutral at 100% of the phase setting for settings up to 100 A. For higher settings, protection of the neutral is at 50% of the phase setting unless protection of the neutral at 100% of the phase setting is required.

Furthermore, TMG thermomagnetic trip units with low magnetic trip threshold are available for Tmax T2, T3 and T5. For T2 and T3 the trip unit has an adjustable thermal threshold $(I1 = 0.7...1 \times In)$ and fixed magnetic threshold $(I3 = 3 \times In)$, whereas for T5 the trip unit has an adjustable thermal threshold ($I1 = 0.7...1 \times In$) and adjustable magnetic threshold $(13 = 2.5... 5 \times In)$. The thermomagnetic trip units can be used to protect long cables and for generator protection, both in direct current and in alternating current installations.

Electronic trip units

Tmax T2, T4, T5, T6 and T7 circuit-breakers, for use in alternating current, can be equipped with overcurrent releases featuring electronic technology. In this case the protection functions obtained guarantee high reliability, tripping precision, insensitivity to temperature and to electromagnetic components in conformity with the pertinent

The power required for correct operation is supplied directly by the current sensors of the release, while tripping is always guaranteed, even under single-phase load conditions and in correspondence to the minimum setting.

For Tmax T2, T4, T5 and T6, the protection trip unit consists of:

- 3 or 4 current sensors (current transformers)
- external current sensors (e.g. for the external neutral), when available
- a trip unit
- a trip coil (for T2 housed in the right slot, for T4, T5 and T6 integrated into the electronic trip unit).

For Tmax T7, the protection trip unit consists of:

- 3 or 4 current sensors (Rogowsky coils and current transformers)
- external current sensors (e.g. for the external neutral)
- interchangeable rating plug
- a trip unit
- a trip coil housed in the body of the circuit-breaker. The current sensors supply the electronic trip unit with the energy required for correct operation of both the trip unit and the signal that detects the current.

ABB Components Tmax Moulded Case circuit-breakers

		Tmax T2						
Rated uninterrupted current	[A]	160						
Poles	[No.]	3/4						
Rated service voltage, Ue (AC) 50-60 Hz	[V]	690	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
(DC)	[V]	500	•					
Rated insulation voltage, Ui	[V]	800	•					
Rated impulse withstand voltage, Uimp	[kV]	8	•	•	•	:		
Versions		Fixed, Plug-in						
Breaking capacities		N	S	Н	L			
Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity, Icu	······	····· 1 ·····	······· '	.	.			
(AC) 50-60 Hz 220/230 V	[kA]	65	85	100	120	:		
AC) 50-60 Hz 380/400/415 V	[kA]	36	50	70	85	····· i		
AC) 50-60 Hz 440 V	[kA]	30	45	55	75			
AC) 50-60 Hz 500 V	[kA]	25	30	36	50	···· ·		
AC) 50-60 Hz 690 V	[kA]	6	7	8	10			
DC) 250 V - 2 poles in series	[kA]	36	50	70	85	····· !		
DC) 250 V - 3 poles in series		40	55		········ • ······			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[kA]	· · · · · · ·] · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••••	85	100			
(DC) 500 V - 2 poles in series	[kA]	-	-	<u>-</u>	.			
(DC) 500 V - 3 poles in series	[kA]	36	50	70	85			
(DC) 750 V - 3 poles in series	[kA]		<u>:</u> –	<u> </u>	-			
Rated service short-circuit breaking capacity, Ics								
(AC) 50-60 Hz 220/230 V	[%lcu]	100%	100%	100%	100%	<u>.</u>		
(AC) 50-60 Hz 380/400/415 V	[%lcu]	100%	100%	100%	75% (70 kA)			
(AC) 50-60 Hz 440 V	[%lcu]	100%	100%	100%	75%			
(AC) 50-60 Hz 500 V	[%lcu]	100%	100%	100%	75%			
(AC) 50-60 Hz 690 V	[%lcu]	100%	100%	100%	75%	:		
Rated short-circuit making capacity, Icm								
(AC) 50-60 Hz 220/230 V	[kA]	143	187	220	264			
AC) 50-60 Hz 380/400/415 V	[kA]	75.6	105	154	187			
(AC) 50-60 Hz 440 V	[kA]	63	94.5	121	165			
(AC) 50-60 Hz 500 V	***************************************	52.5	63	75.6	105			
(AC) 50-60 Hz 690 V	[kA] [kA]	9.2	11.9	13.6	17	····- }		
	[IVA]		: 11.9	: 10.0	: ''			
Utilisation category (IEC 60947-2)		Α						
Reference Standard IEC 60947-2		√				:		
Isolation behaviour		√		•				
Mounted on DIN rail		DIN EN 500	022	•••••				
Mechanical life	[Num. operations]	25000				:		
	[Num. Hourly operations] 240	•	•	•			
Electrical life @ 415 V (AC)	[Num. operations]	8000	8000					
	[Num. Hourly operations] 120	120					
Trip units for power distribution	•••	·	••••••••••	••••••		•••••		
TMD / TMA								
PR221DS			•••••••••••					
PR222DS			•		•	:		
PR223DS			••••••	•••••	•••••	:		
PR231/P			••••••••	•••••	······································			
PR232/P								
PR331/P		··· ·				···· i		
PR332/P								
	<u></u>					<u>i</u>		
Trip units for motor protection	····· :	····:				·····		
MF/MA								
PR221DS-I	<u>‡</u>					···· i		
PR221MP					······································			
PR222MP	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>				<u>i</u>		
Trip units for generator protection		····· , ······				····· , ······		
ГМG								
PR221GP			······					
Electronic trip units for zone selectivity								
Licentification for zone selectivity								
PR223EF								

^{(1) 75%} for T5 630; (2) 50% for T5 630; (3) Icw = 5 kA; (4) W not available for T6 1000 A; (5) Icw = 7.6 kA (630 A) - 10 kA (800 A);

⁽⁶⁾ Only for T7 800/1000/1250 A; (7) Lcw = 20 kA (Versions S,H,L) - 15 kA (Version V); Note: The nominal current of T2 – T3 – T5 630 in the P/W version is derated by 10%.

Tmax T3 250 3/4 690 500 800		Tmax T4					Tmax	T5							Tmax T6			Tmax T7		
		250/32	20				400/63	30				630/80	0/1000			800/1000/1250/1600				
		3/4 690 750 1000				3/4	•	•	•		3/4	•	•	•	3/4					
						750 1000				690	•			690						
										750 1000			<u> </u>	•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
													1000							
. 8		8				···•··································				8			8							
Fixed, F		N Fixed,	Fixed, Withdrawable, Plug-in N S H L V					Withdra	*		٧	Fixed, Withdrawable N S H L			Fixed, Withdrawable					
N	S	. IN	S	П	L	V	N	3	П	L	V	N	3	Н	L	S	Н	L	V ⁽⁶⁾	
50	85	70	85	100	200	200	70	85	100	200	200	70	85	100	200	85	100	200	200	
36	50	36	50	70	120	200	36	50	70	120	200	36	50	70	100	50	70	120	150	
25	40	30	40	65	100	180	30	40	65	100	180	30	45	50	80	50	65	100	130	
20	30	25	30	50	85	150	25	30	50	85	150	25	35	50	65	40	50	85	100	
5	8	20	25	40	70	80	20	25	40	70	80	20	22	25	30	30	42	50	60	
36	50	36	50	70	100	150	36	50	70	100	150	36	50	70	100		<u></u>	<u></u>	-	
40	55		<u> </u>	-	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	-	-		_	<u> </u>	_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	
-	-	25	36	50	70	100	25	36	50	70	100	20	35	50	65		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	-	
36	50	16	-	-	- 50	70	16	_ OF	-	-	70	16	-	- 26	-		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
_	<u> </u>	16	25	36	50	70	16	25	36	50	70	16	20	36	50		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>:</u> –	
75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	50%	·· ·	!		:	:	. <u>.</u>	:	:					<u>.</u>	:	·· ·	: :	· !	: :	
75%	(27kA)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	•	100%(2)		100%	100%	75%	100%	100%	75%	100%	
75%	50%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%(1)	100%(2)	100%(2)	75%	75%	75%	75%	100%	75%	75%	75%	
105	187	154	187	220	440	660	154	187	220	440	660	154	187	220	440	187	220	440	440	
75.6	105	75.6	105	154	264	440	75.6	105	154	264	440	75.6	105	154	220	105	154	264	330	
52.5 40	84 63	63 52.5	84 63	143 105	220 187	396 330	63 52.5	84 63	143 105	220 187	396 330	63 52.5	94.5 73.5	105 105	176 143	105 84	143 105	220 187	286 220	
7.7	13.6	40	52.5	84	154	176	40	52.5	·	154	176	40	73.5 46	52.5	63	63	88.2	105	132	
	:		:					•	•				-	•	•					
A		Α					В (400	A)(3) - A	4 (630 A))		B (630)	4 - 800	4)(5) - A	(1000A) B(7)				
√	······	V	١ .			√			√			√								
٧		√					√		•			1	•			√	√			
DIN EN	50022	-	20000 240 8000 (250 A) - 6000 (320 A)				120				- 20000 120 7000 (630A) - 5000 (800A) - 4000 (1000A)			10000 60 2000 (S, H, L versions) / 3000 (V version)						
25000																				
240	·····	240																		
8000		8000 (
		(-																		
120		120					60					60	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			60				
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	·····		•	•	•			•	•	•		■ (4) u	p to 800)A	•		•••••	•••••	•••••	
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ABB Components Multifunction Protection Units

ABB Worldwide experience

Having supplied protection relays to more than 100 countries, ABB fully understands the need for diverse protection philosophies that meet local legislation, safety requirements and engineering practice. So much so, ABB has developed a power protection philosophy that not only meets the specific needs and requirements of diverse power systems, but also promotes confidence and peace of mind in both power system owners and users.

The main purpose of a protection relay system is to recognize any abnormal power system condition(s), or faulty system component(s). Based on the information gathered, the protection system will implement corrective actions that restore the system to its normal operating state. This ensures a safe environment for all.

Protection relays are activated when something abnormal has happened in the power system. They do not prevent network faults from arising. Selecting the right protection functions and methods improves the performance and reliability of the protection system, thus minimizing the effects of network faults and preventing the disturbance from spreading to healthy parts of the network.

Relion protection and control relays

The Relion® product family offers the widest range of products for protecting, controlling, metering and supervising power systems in major applications, like generators or transformer feeders. Relion protection relays benefit from ABB's vast experience in designing successful protection and control relays. These relays have been developed over many years and are built on experience acquired in the extremely diverse application and functionality conditions of ABB's customers globally.

To ensure interoperable and future-proof solutions, Relion products have been designed to implement the core values of the IEC 61850 standard. Implementation of the IEC 61850 substation modelling and communication standard covers both vertical and horizontal information exchange between protection relays and external systems. Protection and control IED manager PCM600 provides versatile functionality throughout the life cycle of all Relion protection and control relays. PCM600 is IEC 61850 compliant, which ensures problem-free relay engineering and enables information to be exchanged with other IEC 61850 compliant tools. Thanks to these products, you'll benefit from ABB's leadingedge technology, global application knowledge and experienced support network. Relion technology is leading the way and setting future trends in the field of protection and control systems.



Features	REF 615 IEC	RED 615 IEC	RET 615 IEC	REU 615 IEC	REF 620 IEC	RET 620 IEC
Standard						
ANSI						
IEC						
Applications						
Arc fault protection application						
Busbar application						
Back-up application						
Capacitor bank application						
Feeder application			:			<u>.</u>
Generator	-					
Motor application						
Power management/load-shedding application						
Transformer application				-		
		-	-	=		=
Functionality Auto-recloser	•	_			_	
***************************************						<u> </u>
Circuit-breaker controlability	-	_			_	
Condition monitoring	_	_	_			_
Current-based protection						
Distance protection						
Fault locator						
Generator differential protection						
LCD display with Single Line Diagram (SLD)						
Line differential protection (with in-zone transformer support)						
Load-shedding						
Motor differential protection						
On load tap changer control						
Power quality						
Self-powered protection relay						
Synchro-check						
Transformer differential protection						
Voltage based protection						
Withdrawable release mechanism						
Hardware	•	•	•	•	•	•
Analog inputs (CTs/VTs)	4/5	4/5	7/5	4/5	4/5	8/9
Analog inputs (sensor channels/CTs)	6/1	6/1	<u> </u>		6/1	
Binary inputs/outputs	18/13	18/13	14/12	14/12	32/18	16/17
RTD/mA inputs	2/1	2/1	6/2	6/2	6/2	8/3
mA outputs						
Communication protocols	<u>:</u>	:	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	:	:
DNP 3.0						
IEC 60870-5-103		_	<u> </u>	=	: -	<u> </u>
IEC 61850		·····	 	-	-	<u>: </u>
Modbus					÷	
•		÷				
Profibus Communication reading						
Communication media	-	-	:_	: <u> </u>	: <u> </u>	· _
Ethernet (RJ45)	_	_		_		
Ethernet (LC)		_				
Ethernet redundant solutions (HSR/PRP/RSTP)						
Serial (RS 232/485, ST conn.)						

ABB Components M10x multifunctional protection relays

Motor Management

M10x is a microprocessor-based intelligent motor management system that provides users with complete and specialized low voltage motor control, protection and monitoring. Its splendid, all-in-one functionality, robust communication and commercially economical qualities make M10x a trademark ABB intelligent motor controller. It has been chosen and delivered for many projects worldwide, especially in the Middle East and Asia where the most reliable and proven solutions are demanded. It is no surprise that M10x has become the number one choice of customers and end users. Making the right decisions at the right time M10x is an intelligent system, based on ABB's low voltage switchgear MNS. This system offers superior protection, control and monitoring that supports a fully user-optimized approach to motor management. M10x collects all relevant information from the process involved, including timely alarms, enabling plant operators to make the right decisions based on precise, real-time process conditions.

Increasing plant availability

M10x significantly increases plant availability by enabling preventive action. Its data quality goes far beyond conventional motor protection systems. Its remote control technology may be used by the engineering team, and provides highly-detailed system analysis for need-based maintenance.

Flawlessly integrated communications

M10x provides typical low voltage energy distribution and motor control center communications vertically to process control systems, and horizontally across engineering and maintenance stations. Configurable in a simplex or dual-redundant manner, M10x is flexible to meet a wide range of customer requirements.

Multiple starter types

M10x relays provide a full range of functionalities for motor monitoring, control and protection. M10x offers a variety of motor start modes via parameterization, and supervises the operating state of the contactor through the feedback of the auxiliary contact of the contactor. The control authority of the motor includes local control and remote control. All necessary motor starting control modes are integrated in the device. To select a desired starting control mode, simply click on the setup interface of the M10x motor control unit.

Start Modes	M101	M102
Non-reversing direct online NR-DOL	•	
NR-DOL with RCU function		
Reversing direct online REV-DOL		
REV-DOL with RCU function		
Actuator (e.g., valve or damper control)		
Start / Delta starter		
2 speed starter with separate windings		
Autotransformer		
NR-Softstarter		
REV-Softstarter		
Feeder (motor operated)		
Dahlander starter		
Contactor feeder		
Contactor feeder with RCU function		

Remarks:

RCU: RCU is an option to control the contactor by bypassing the M10x. **Actuator**: Starter type is based on reversing direct on line starters where limit switch inputs are used to stop the motor in some necessary cases like valves, dampers, actuators etc.

Feeder: Feeder mode is listed as a specific start mode in M10x to serve for circuit controlling and supervising for motor operated MCCB feeder.

Motor protection functions	Description	M101	M102
Long start protection (48)	Protects the motor against locked or stalled rotor in start state	•	•
TOL protection (49)	Tracks and calculates the thermal capacity of the motor in operation to protect the motor against overheating.		
TOL EEx e (49)	The EEx e protection takes into consideration the stall/nominal current ratio and the maximum motor temperature allowed by the environment class definition.		
Start limitation protection (66)	Limits the number of starts during a time interval. Number of starts and time interval are parameter settings.		
Phase failure protection (46)	Uses the minimum/maximum line current ratio as the criterion for enabling the phase failure protection function.		
Phase unbalance protection (46)	Unbalance can be caused by pitted contacts, faulty motor, loose connections, etc. The difference between the minimum and maximum phase currents is compared against the set parameters. Reverse phase protection not supported for the IEEE standard.		
Stall protection (51LR)	Protects against stall, the highest measured phase current to compare against the set parameters, activates only after motor start-up time is complete.		
Undervoltage protection (27)	Protects the motor against undervoltage condition (voltage drop or loss).		
Autorestart	Available in standard and enhanced models		
Underload protection (37)	Uses the highest measured phase current to compare against set parameters.		
No load protection (37)	Similar to underload but with different set levels and messages. No load uses the highest measured phase current to compare against the set parameters.		
Earth fault protection (50N/51N)	Protects the motor against the earth fault condition with an additional residual current transformer with adjustable trip level and time delay.		
Motor temperature protection PTC (26)	Protects against too high temperature by using PTC sensors. The resistance values are compared against the set levels.		
Motor temperature protection using PTC relay (26)	Monitors motor winding temperatures from PTC sensors against preset values using an additional thermistor relay.		•
Motor temperature protection using RTD relay (26)	Monitors motor winding temperatures from PT 100 sensors against preset values, options are available for single or triple channel monitoring.	•	•





ABB Components M10x multifunctional protection relays

Extensive monitoring and reporting functions

M10x provides an extensive range of motor operation supervisory functions. Supervisory data are transmitted via the field bus to the upper level system for centralized management and are optionally directly displayed on the operator panel MD21 if installed on the front of the motor starter module.

Communication

The M10x motor control unit has serial communication interfaces based on EIA-485 (RS-485) standard. The following protocols are supported:

- PROFIBUS DP V1 communications (up to 1.5Mbps)
- Modbus RTU communication (Redundancy

Monito	Monitoring and reporting		M102	Description
	Motor status	•		Start1, Start2, Stop, Alarm, Trip
Motor Running Data	Three phase current	■		Relative value or actual value (only in MD21)
	Line voltage*			Actual value of phase-phase voltage
	Power related*			Include power, apparent power, power factor
	Thermal capacity			Thermal capacity of motor
	Frequency*			Frequency of power system
	Energy*			Energy consumed by motor
۳	Ground current			Ground current
orF	PTC			The value of PTC resistor
Mot	Time to TOL trip			Time to trip triggered by TOL protection
	Time to TOL reset			Time to reset after TOL trip
	DI status			The status of each DI
	Startup time	■		Actual startup time of motor
	Current unbalance			Current unbalance between three phase current
	SOE*			256 SOE with time stamp
and	Running time			Running Time
ce a	Stop time			Stop time
ce I	Start number			Start number
aintenance ar Service Data	Stop number			Stop number
Maintenance and Service Data	Trip number			Trip number
_	Last trip current			Three phase current of last trip
Diagnosis Data	Cause of alarm			TOL, overload, stall, Phase failure, Phase unbalance, Underload, Noload, Earth fault, PTC*, Under voltage*, Autoreclose*, Contactor feedback, Welded contactor, PTC short circuit*, Start limitation, Serial communication, Running time, Start number, Watchdog, Ready to trip reset, Dlx
Diagno	Cause of trip		-	TOL, stall rotor, phase failure, Phase unbalance, Underload, Noload, Earth Fault, PTC*, Under voltage*, Contactor feedback, Start limitation, Serial communication, Feeder trip, Lon start, Emergency stop, External trip, Dix

^{*} are only for M102

Operator panel

M10x can optionally be equipped with an operator panel MDx1, which is used to display the status of the motor. Motor control is possible through predefined pushbuttons A mini USB physical connection port is available on the operator panel for parameterization via service laptop and software.

The basic type MD31 provides 4 LED indicators that are function configurable and has pushbuttons for operation. The operator panel MD21 integrates the functions of measurement and maintenance display, LED indicators (configurable function) and has pushbuttons for operation and parameterization as well as fault monitoring functions. Extensive monitoring and reporting functions' can be read on MD21.





MD21

MD31

Start mode	M101	M102	Description
Control buttons ■ ■		•	Start1, Start2, Stop
Navigating buttons		:	Page up, Page down, Enter, Exit buttons for navigating and parametering
LED indicators ■ ■			Configurable function as Power, Ready, Start1, Start2, Running, Stop, Fault, Dix
Parameterization interface			mini USB port
LCD window	•		Motor running data *, Maintenance data *, Diagnosis information *, Product information, Setting parameters

^{*} Parameters including motor running data, maintenance data and diagnosis data which are listed on the table under '

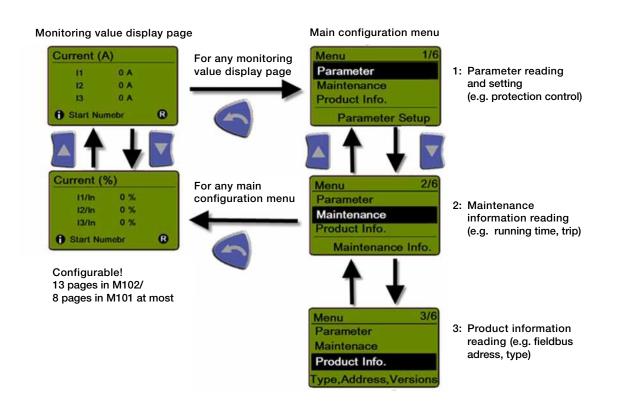


ABB Components Full integrated power centers

Ekip Link system

Recent developments in the sphere of ethernet communication networks and the growing need to monitor energy consumption have led to the use of smart supervision systems for installations in shopping centres, banks, hotels, office blocks and small to medium sized industries.

Maintenance electricians, plant operators and energy managers are becoming increasingly more interested in

- Analyzing energy consumption and the main electrical quantity trends
- Monitoring alarms and states
- Planning servicing work.

efficient solutions for:

This means that low voltage switchboards must become smart systems that provide crucial information for plant management.

The conventional method for switchboard control is to equip the circuit-breakers with complex communication systems. In addition, a system integrator is often required to program the supervision software and put the system into service. When applied to switchboard supervision, a solution of this type can strongly affect the costs and flexibility of an offering. ABB introduces Ekip Link, a new system for low voltage switchboards that provides centralized control from the switchboard front or remotely via the web.

The system offers a plug-and-play solution, one that can be used immediately and simply without requiring any sort of specific programming.



Distinctive features

The Ekip Link system is comprised of the, preprogrammed, Ekip Control panel and up to 30 Emax 2 circuit-breakers equipped with the Ekip Link module.

Any Emax 2 circuit-breaker, regardless of trip unit type, can be connected to the system, creating an economic alternative to meet the needs of any application.

Tmax and Emax circuit-breakers equipped with Modbus RTU communication can also be integrated into Ekip Link by connecting them directly to the RS 485 serial port on the Ekip Control Panel. This guarantees a complete and integrated solution.

Standard ethernet components, such as cables and network switches, are all that's needed to complete the connection. Additional distinctive features of the Ekip Link system are:

- Centralized control using the generously sized color touch screen on the switchboard front
- Information that is always available thanks to remote access via a web browser
- Plug-and-play system. No programming required
- Cost-effective solution: all the functions are available without the need to install costly supervision systems.

A plug-and-play system

Once the Ekip Link modules have been connected to the Ekip Control Panel with cables and network switches, the system is put into service in just a few simple steps:

- 1. automatic scan of the devices connected
- 2. choice of graphic layout: the "design" function provides a comprehensive library for easily drawing the installation's single-line diagram
- 3. supervision start-up.

Access via web

The Ekip Control Panel can be remotely controlled using the web server function that it is supplied with. It allows secure access to all plant information via any web browser. The standard equipment includes two web accesses, but can upgraded to five as an additional option.

Integration with industrial communication systems

The Ekip Link system can coexist with a higher level communication system for process control or extended plant supervision.

ABB Components

Full integrated power motor control center

Full control

In the modern process plant the continues supervision and exchange of information from the field and the components of the electrical network is crucial.

ABB offer a solution able to concentrate all switchgears data and information in a single connection point due to the presence of a data concentrator installed inside the switchgear the data.

Also from the front of the switchgear all the operation are centralized with the touch screen.

Architecture

MView: is the local human system interface available to monitor the MNS R status and display information on each connected motor/feeder.

MLink: is the interface module that works as the gateway to higher level systems which communicate via the internal bus to all controlled modules and feeders.

M10x: microprocessor-based intelligent motor management system that provides users with complete and specialized low voltage motor control, protection and monitoring.

Ekip Touch: control unit for Emax2 air circuit-breakers.

PR223: control unit for Tmax moulded case circuit-breakers.

Ekip: control unit for Tmax XT moulded case circuit-breakers.

Dual redundancy

Process operations today demand a high level of availability. MNS R may be configured for dual redundant communication.

This allows for communication via two independent data paths from the switchgear to controller A and controller B. In normal operation both PCS controllers can read all data available from both the primary and backup MLinks, however, only the primary MLink is enabled to process the switching commands from the PCS.

In the event that a changeover is initiated the primary MLink passes switching command permission to the backup MLink, via the 'redundant link'. This link ensures no communication is lost and full status information is available for the PCS, i.e. a 'bumpless' changeover is performed.

System highlights

- Redundant fieldbus communication increases process availability.
- Inbuilt functionality controlling switching command
- Ability to read information from the system simultaneously by both controller A and controller B.
- Web interfaces are automatically directed to the primary MLink.

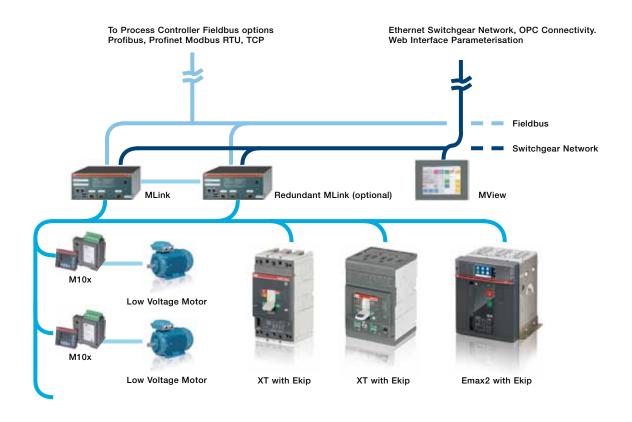


ABB Components Arc Detector

Arc Guard System™

Arc Guard System[™] quickly detects an arc fault and trip the incoming circuit-breaker. Using light as the main condition, Arc Guard System[™] trips instantaneously. Thanks to this key functional advantage, it overrides all other protections and delays, which is crucial when reaction times need to be measured in milliseconds.

Why Arc Protection?

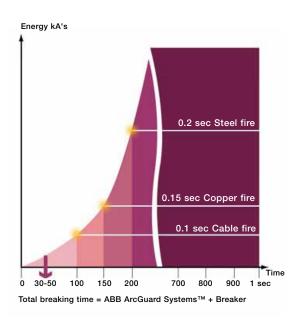
In any plant, the risk of arc accidents can be reduced by the design of systems (mechanical and electrical) and the routines for working with electric equipment. The importance of safety has led ABB to develop 'arc-proof' switchgears, where the mechanical design as well as the choice of electrical components reduces both the risk of an arc accident and its consequences.

Unfortunately, these measures are most often not sufficient for two reasons; (1) Most accidents happen with the switchgear door open, which reduces the effects of mechanical protection, (2) Breaker protection is based on over-current only and often includes time delays. Reducing the consequences of arc faults is all about time (see chart). This is why the ABB TVOC-2 (Arc Guard System™) reacts in just a couple of milli-seconds, thereby over-ruling standard protection time delays when tripping breakers.

Safety is becoming more and more important. As legal and regulatory requirements increase, old equipment soon becomes out-of-date. Arc Guard SystemTM can help increase equipment safety and thereby prolong its life-cycle. Arc Guard SystemTM will not prevent the accident from happening – but it will significantly reduce the damage caused.

Flexibility

You can mount TVOC-2 on either a DIN-rail or directly on a panel wall. Furthermore, the HMI that shows you the system info and setup can be placed either on the product itself or on the door. If required, it can even be mounted on both.



Simplicity

The HMI menu has a user-friendly interface that guides you through installation. Here you can, for example, check the trip log to see which sensor was triggered at what time. Even better, since it can be placed on the door, you can do this without opening the switchgear.

And as your system grows with your business, TVOC-2 grows with you. You have complete flexibility, from expanding the number of sensor modules to simply adding other components to the system – all done in minutes.

Arc Faults

Short-circuit faults in LV and MV switchgears are often accompanied by an electric arc. An arc fault always leads to considerable damage to equipment and injury to personnel unless it is detected very quickly. To avoid serious damage and give the person involved a good chance of surviving the accident without severe injury, the fault should be disconnected as fast as possible, typically in less than 30-50 ms.

Arc Monitor

With its modular concept, the Arc Monitor is designed to fit all types and sizes of low- and medium-voltage switchgears. It is designed according to Functional Safety, and is SIL 2certified according to IEC 61508 and IEC 62061 which puts full focus on reliability. This corresponds to performance level d according to EN ISO 13849-1. Safety functions are exclusively handled by hardware. In addition, the system, trip logs and user-interface are all microprocessor-monitored. The system can be configured to trip selected breakers, depending on which sensor detects light. The dip-switches that take care of this function also handle settings like autoreset and Current Sensing Units (see pages 12-13 for more details).

Energy is stored in the unit for operation up to 0.2 s if the supply voltage fails. This is sufficient to close the tripping circuit even if voltage disappears at a short-circuit fault.

Note: The circuit-breaker still needs a back-up energy source for its tripping circuit.

Connections

All connections can be accessed from the front of the arc monitor. Pluggable terminal blocks allow electrical wiring before mounting TVOC-2 into the cabinet.

The solid state tripping contacts are type IGBT, which guarantees fast and reliable tripping.

HMI (Human Machine Interface)

- Handles settings with key-pad and full text display.
- Holds error log and trip information after power loss.
- Error log and trip log include time/date stamp from a realtime clock.
- TVOC-2 can handle two separate HMI:s (cabinet door and on product).
- Three-meter cable included.

Sensor & Sensor modules

- Fibre-optic sensors not affected by electrical noise
- Pre-calibrated sensors remove need for manual configuration
- Up to 30 detectors can be connected.

Current Sensing Unit (optional)

The Current Sensing Unit is an accessory needed only in those few specific applications where strong light is expected on a regular basis.

Current sensing units (CSUs) are connected with an optical fibre using light as signal for normal current. If this was removed by accident, the system would treat it as an overcurrent and trip if an arc flash is seen of reliability reasons.



Arc Monitor connections

- 3 IGBT solid state tripping contacts
- 2 change-over trip signal relays
- 1 change-over self supervision alarm relay
- 2 current sensing unit inputs
- 1 current sensing unit output.

Mounting alternatives

DIN-rail

Wall mounting

Optical detector inputs

- 1-10 Main unit X1
- 1-10 Extension module X2
- 1-10 Extension module X3

нмі

Can be mounted on door IP 54

Additional HMI possible User-friendly start up meny

ABB Components Is Limiter

Short-circuit currents too high?

The growing world-wide demand for energy requires more powerful or additional transformers and generators, as well as increasing interconnection of individual supply networks. This can lead to permissible short-circuit currents being exceeded and parts of the equipment being dynamically or thermally destroyed.

Replacement of existing switchgear and cable connections using new equipment with higher short-circuit strength is often technically impossible or uneconomical for the user. Installation of IS-limiters reduces the short-circuit current in new systems and existing system expansions, thus saving on costs.

Circuit-breakers cannot provide any protection against unduly high peak short-circuit currents, as they are too slow.

Only the IS-limiter is capable of detecting and limiting a short-circuit current at the first rise, i.e. in less than 1 ms.

The maximum instantaneous current that occurs remains well below the level of the peak short-circuit current.

Compared to complex conventional solutions, the IS-limiter offers both technical and economic advantages when used in transformer or generator feeders, in switchgear sectionalized and connected in parallel with reactors.

In every respect, the IS-limiter is the ideal switching device for resolving short-circuit problems for switchgear in power stations, heavy industry and utilities.

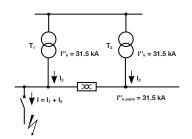
Functions of the IS-limiter

In principle, the IS-limiter consists of an extremely fast switch, able to carry high rated current but with a low switching capacity and a high rupturing capacity (HRC) fuse installed in parallel. In order to achieve the desired short opening time, a small charge is used as the energy store for opening the switch (main conductor). When the main conductor is opened, the current continues to flow through the parallel fuse, where it is limited within 0.5 ms and then finally interrupted at the next voltage zero crossing.

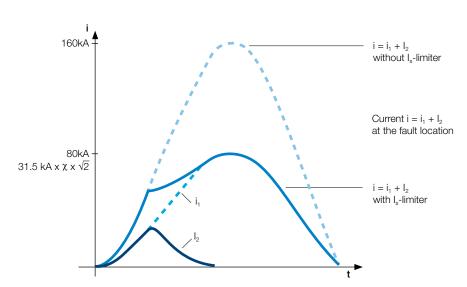
The current flowing through the IS-limiter is monitored by an electronic measuring and tripping device. At the very first rise of a short-circuit current, this device decides whether the IS-limiter must trip. In order to make this decision, the instantaneous current and rate of current rise at the IS-limiter are constantly measured and assessed.

The IS-limiter trips when the set-points are simultaneously reached or exceeded. The three phases are operated independently from one another. Loss-free conduction of a high operating current on the one hand and limitation of the short-circuit current at the first current rise on the other hand are achieved by distributing these two IS-limiter functions between two conductors. Compared to reactors, the IS-limiter avoids voltage drops and does not contribute to the peak shortcircuit current.

A circuit-breaker and the IS-limiter must be installed serially in order to obtain a three phase interruption.



Single line diagram of a bus tie for a system with I''_k = 31.5 kA and with an I_s-limiter



Features

Protects existing underrated equipment against short circuit current effects:

- No need to replace existing switchgear
- Reduced downtime
- No need to replace existing cables.

In new installations, decreasing the short circuit level can reduce investments in:

- Switchgear
- Distribution transformers
- Feeder cables
- Motors
- Harmonic filters.

High speed interruption so that peak short circuit is never reached.

Thousands of successful installations worldwide.

The Is-limiter is a fast operating interrupting device that limits the short circuit current to a level that breakers and buses can withstand, therefore protecting them from damage: 0.6 ms operating time (0.036 cycles) at first current rise. The Is-limiter solves virtually all short circuit problems.

How does the IS-limiter work?

The IS-limiter consists of two parallel conductors. The main conductor carries the high rated normal current (up to 5,000 A). After tripping, the parallel fuse limits the shortcircuit current during the first current rise (in less than 1 ms).

Does the IS-limiter trip on every short-circuit?

No! The IS-limiter only trips when the system is at risk. Small short-circuit currents are interrupted by the circuit-breakers.

Can IS-limiter inserts be refurbished after a short-circuit interruption?

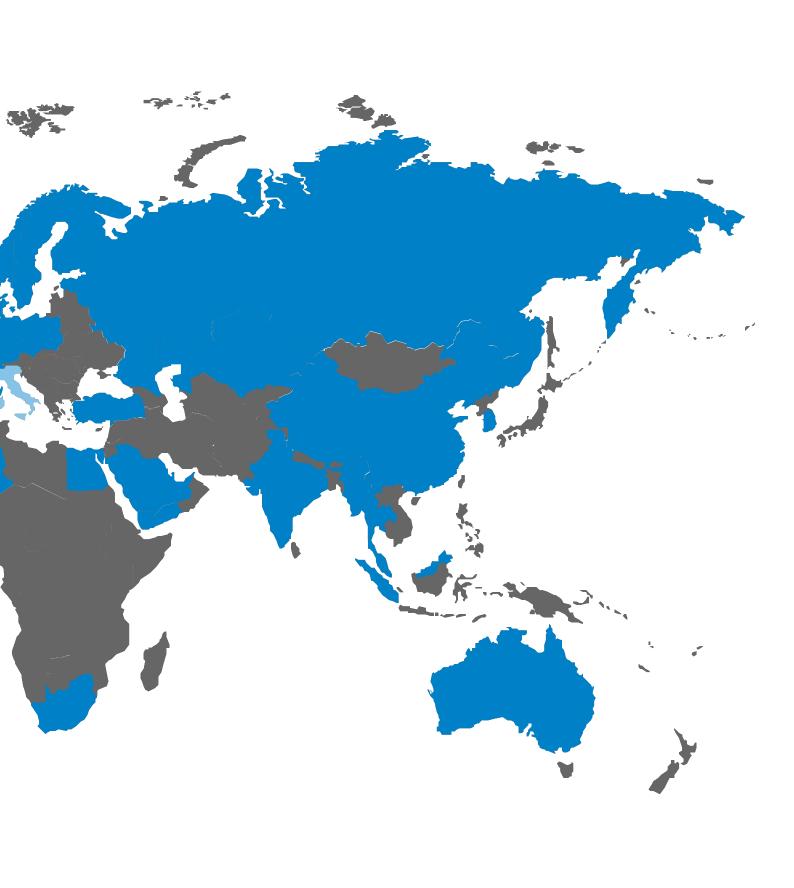
Yes! They can be refurbished. The costs are low. The opened main conductor, the parallel fuse and the charge will be replaced. All other parts can be re-used.



Technical data		
Rated voltage	V	750
Rated current	Α	1250, 2000, 3000, 4500, 5000
Rated power-frequency withstand voltage	kV	3
Interrupting current	kA RMS	up to 140
IS-limiter insert holder	kg	10.5
IS-limiter insert	kg	17
IS-limiter dimensions		
Width	mm	148
Height	mm	554
Depth	mm	384

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Annex

Items subject to agreement between manufacturer and user

Extract from IEC 61439 series

The following details are intended as a checklist for the specification of low voltage switchgear.

User-defined functions and characteristics	Reference clause (IEC 61439 series)
Electrical system	
Earthing system	5.5, 8.4.3.2.3, 8.6.2, 10.5, 11.4
Rated voltage Un (Volts)	3.8.8.1, 5.2.1, 8.5.3
Overvoltage category	5.2.4, 8.5.3, 9.1, Annex G
Unusual voltage transients, voltage stress, temporary overvoltages	9.1
Rated frequency fn (Hz)	3.8.11, 5.4, 8.5.3, 10.10.2.3, 10.11.5.4
Additional on-site testing requirements: wiring, operational performance and function	11.10
Short circuit withstand capability	
Prospective short circuit current at supply terminals Icp (kA)	3.8.6
Prospective short circuit current in the neutral	10.11.5.3.5
Prospective short circuit current in the protective circuit	10.11.5.6
SCPD in the incoming functional unit	9.3.2
Co-ordination of short-circuit protective devices	9.3.4
including external short-circuit protective device details	
Data associated with loads likely to contribute to the shortcircuit current	9.3.2
Protection of persons against electric shock in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41	
Type of protection against electric shock - Basic protection (protection against direct contact)	8.4.2
NOTE: This type of protection is intended to protect against electric shock due to direct contact	
within the assembly during normal service conditions.	
Type of protection against electric shock - Fault protection (protection against indirect contact)	8.4.3
NOTE: These types of protection are intended to protect against the consequences of a fault	
within the assembly.	
Installation environment	
Location type	3.5, 8.1.4, 8.2
Protection against ingress of solid foreign bodies and ingress of liquid	8.2.2, 8.2.3
External mechanical impact (IK)	8.2.1, 10.2.6
NOTE: IEC 61439-1 does not nominate specific IK codes.	
Resistance to UV radiation (applies for outdoor assemblies only unless specified otherwise)	10.2.4
Resistance to corrosion	10.2.2
Ambient air temperature – lower limit	7.1.1
Ambient air temperature – upper limit	7.1.1
Ambient air temperature – daily average maximum	7.1.1
Maximum relative humidity	7.1.2
Pollution degree	7.1.3
Altitude	7.1.4
EMC environment	9.4, 10.12, Annex J
Special service conditions (e.g. vibration, exceptional condensation, heavy pollution, corrosive	7.2, 8.5.4, 9.3.3, Table 7
environment, strong electric or magnetic fields, fungus, small creatures, explosion hazards, heavy	
vibration and shocks, earthquakes)	

User-defined functions and characteristics	Reference clause (IEC 61439 series)
Installation method	
Туре	3.3, 5.5
Portability	3.5
Maximum overall dimensions and weight	6.2.1
External conductor type(s)	8.8
Direction(s) of external conductors	8.8
External conductor material	8.8
External phase conductor, cross sections, and terminations	8.8
External PE, N, PEN conductors cross sections, and terminations	8.8
Special terminal identification requirements	8.8
Storage and handling	
Maximum dimensions and weight of transport units	6.2.2, 10.2.5
Methods of transport (e.g. forklift, crane)	6.2.2, 8.1.7
Environmental conditions differing from the service conditions	7.3
Packing details	6.2.2
Operating arrangements	
Access to manually operated devices	8.4, 8.5.5
Isolation of load installation equipment items	8.4.2, 8.4.3.3, 8.4.5.2
Maintenance and upgrade capabilities	
Requirements related to accessibility in service by ordinary persons; requirement to operate devices	8.4.5.1
or change components while the assembly is energised	
Requirements related to accessibility for inspection and similar operations	8.4.5.2.2
Requirements related to accessibility for maintenance in service by authorized persons	8.4.5.2.3
Requirements related to accessibility for extension in service by authorized persons	8.4.5.2.4
Method of connecting functional units	8.5.1, 8.5.2
NOTE: This refers to the ability to remove and re-insert functional units.	
Protection against direct contact with hazardous live internal parts during maintenance or upgrading	8.4
(e.g. functional units, main busbars, distribution busbars)	
Method of connecting functional units	8.5.101
NOTE: This refers to the ability to remove and re-insert functional units.	
Form of separation	8.101
Ability to test individual operation of the auxiliary circuits relating to specified circuits while the	3.1.102, 3.2.102, 3.2.103, 8.5.101, Table 103
functional unit is isolated	5.1.162, 6.2.162, 6.2.166, 6.6.161, 1able 166
Current carrying capability	
Rated current of the assembly InA (Amps)	3.8.9.1, 5.3, 8.4.3.2.3, 8.5.3, 8.8,
ration out of the assembly have amps)	10.10.2, 10.10.3, 10.11.5, Annex E
Pated aurrent of aircuite Ina (Amna)	
Rated current of circuits Inc (Amps)	5.3.2
Rated diversity factor Ratio of cross section of the neutral conductor to phase conductors: phase conductors up to and	5.3.3, 10.10.2.3, Annex E
·	8.6.1
including 16 mm² NOTE: Current in the neutral may be influenced where there are significant harmonics, unbalanced	
,	
phase currents or other conditions in the load that will necessitate a larger conductor.	0.0.1
Ratio of cross section of the neutral conductor to phase conductors: phase conductors	8.6.1
above 16 mm ²	
Current in the neutral may be influenced where there are significant harmonics, unbalanced phase	

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